THIS CIRCULAR IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION.

If you are in any doubt as to the course of action to be taken, you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other independent adviser immediately.

Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") has not perused this Circular prior to their issuance as it is an exempt Circular. Bursa Securities takes no responsibility for the contents of this Circular, makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaims any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this Circular.

Shareholders should rely on their own evaluation to assess the merits and risks of the proposals as set out herein.

The Notice of the AGM, to be held at the Board Room, Ground Floor, SCIB Building, Jalan Utama, Pending Industrial Estate, 93450 Kuching, Sarawak on Thursday, 30 May 2019 at 10.00 a.m. and at any adjournment thereof together with the Form of Proxy are enclosed together with the 2018 Annual Report. You are entitled to attend and vote at our meeting or to appoint a proxy or proxies to attend and vote on your behalf. You should complete and deposit the Form of Proxy at our Registered Office at Lot 1258, Jalan Utama, Pending Industrial Estate, 93450 Kuching, Sarawak not later than forty-eight (48) hours before the time set for our AGM or any adjournment thereof. If you have lodged the Form of Proxy, you may also attend and vote in person at our AGM should you subsequently wish to do so.



SARAWAK CONSOLIDATED INDUSTRIES BERHAD

(Company No.: 25583-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

CIRCULAR TO SHAREHOLDERS in relation to

PART A PROPOSED RENEWAL OF SHAREHOLDER MANDATE FOR RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS OF A REVENUE OR TRADING NATURE

PART B PROPOSED ADOPTION OF THE NEW CONSTITUTION OF THE COMPANY

IMPORTANT DATES AND TIMES:-

Last day and time for lodging the Form of Proxy : Tuesday, 28 May 2019 at 10:00 a.m.

Date and time of the Annual General Meeting : Thursday, 30 May 2019 at 10:00 a.m.

DEFINITIONS

This table sets out the definitions used throughout this Circular:

Act : Companies Act 2016 (as may be amended, modified or re-enacted from time to time)

AGM : Annual General Meeting

Audit Committee : Audit Committee of SCIB

Board : The Board of Directors of SCIB

Bursa Securities : Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad

Directors : The Directors for the time being of SCIB and shall have the same meaning given in

Section 2(1) of the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 and includes the following person who is or was within the preceding six (6) months from the date on which the

terms of the transaction were agreed upon:-

(9) a director of the Company or its subsidiary or holding company; or

(ii) a chief executive of the Company, its subsidiary or holding company.

LPD : 8 April 2019, being the latest practicable date prior to printing of the Circular

Listing Requirements : The Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities (as may be amended or

modified from time to time) and any enactment thereof.

Major Shareholder(s) : A person, including any person who is or was within the preceding six (6) months of the

date on which the terms of the transactions were agreed upon, who has an interest or interests in one (1) or more voting shares in the Company (or any other company which is its subsidiary or holding company) and the nominal amount of that share, or the

aggregate of the nominal amounts of those shares, is:-

(a) 10% or more of the aggregate of the nominal amounts of all the voting shares in the

Company; or

(b) 5% or more of the aggregate of the nominal amounts of all the voting shares in the Company where such person is the largest shareholder of the Company.

For the purpose of this definition, "interest in shares" shall have the same meaning given in Section 8 of the Act.

Person(s) Connected : This shall have the same meaning given in Chapter 1, Paragraph 1.01 of the Listing

Requirements

Proposed Shareholder :

Mandate

Proposed Shareholder Mandate for the existing RRPT

Related Party(ies) : A Director, Major Shareholder or Person Connected with such director or major

shareholder of the Group. For the purpose of this definition, 'Director', 'Major Shareholder' and their Persons Connected shall have the same meanings given in

Paragraph 10.02 of the Listing Requirements

Related Party

Transaction

: A transaction entered into by SCIB Group which involves the interest, direct or indirect,

of a Related Party

RM : Ringgit Malaysia

DEFINITIONS (Cont'd)

RRPTs : A Related Party Transaction which is recurrent, of a revenue or trading nature and which

is necessary for the day-to-day operations of SCIB Group and which has been made or will be made by SCIB Group at least once in three (3) years in the ordinary course of

business of SCIB Group

SCIB or the Company

Sarawak Consolidated Industries Berhad

SCIB Group or the

Group

: SCIB and its subsidiaries

Share(s) : Ordinary share(s) in the capital of SCIB

Shareholder Mandate : Shareholder Mandate pursuant to Paragraph 10.09 of the Listing Requirements for the

RRP'

Tan Sri Hamid : YBhg. Tan Sri Datuk Amar (Dr.) Hamid Bin Bugo

Tuan Haji Zaidi : Tuan Haji Zaidi Bin Haji Ahmad, Director of the Company

ZECON : Zecon Berhad

ZECON Group : Zecon Berhad Group of Companies

Rewi Hamid Bugo : Rewi Hamid Bugo is the son of Tan Sri Hamid and a Director of the Company

Words importing the singular shall, where applicable, include the plural and vice versa, and words importing the masculine gender shall, where applicable, include the feminine and neuter genders. Words importing persons include corporations.

Any reference to any enactment is a reference to that enactment as for the time being amended or re-enacted. Any word defined under the Companies Act and used in this Circular shall have the meaning assigned to it under the Companies Act.

Any reference to a time of day shall be a reference to Malaysian time.

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Part A: Proposed Renewal of Shareholder Mandate for Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a Revenue or Trading Nature

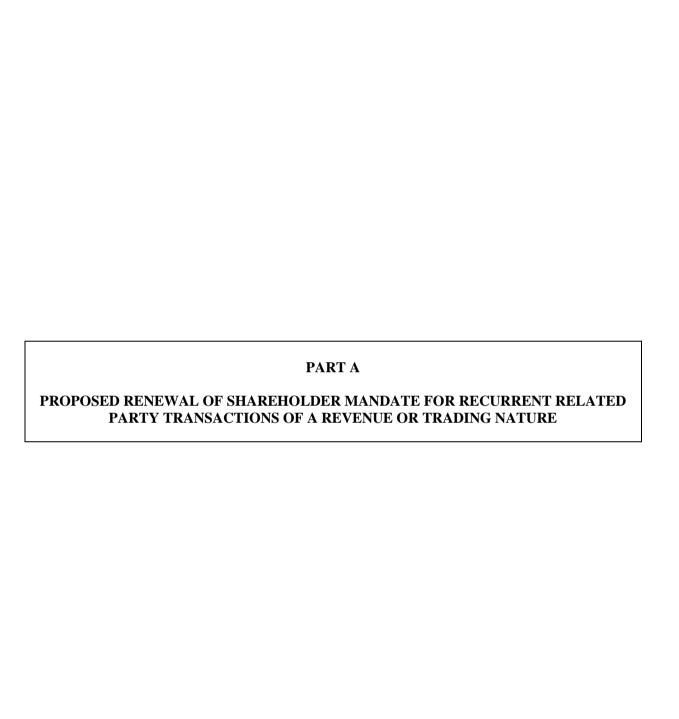
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Part B: Proposed adoption of the new Constitution of the Company

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SARAWAK CONSOLIDATED INDUSTRIES BERHAD

(Company No.: 25583-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registered Office:

Lot 1258, Jalan Utama Pending Industrial Estate 93450 Kuching Sarawak

30 April 2019

Board of Directors:

YBhg. Tan Sri Datuk Amar (Dr.) Hamid Bin Bugo (Chairman/Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

YBhg. Datu Ir. Haji Mohidden Bin Haji Ishak (Independent Non-Executive Director)

YBhg. Datu Haji Soedirman Bin Haji Aini (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Encik Shamsul Anuar Bin Ahamad Ibrahim (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Encik Rewi Hamid Bugo (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

Tuan Haji Zaidi Bin Haji Ahmad (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

Tuan Haji Abdul Hadi Bin Datuk Abdul Kadir (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

To: Our Shareholders

Dear Sir/Madam.

PROPOSED RENEWAL OF SHAREHOLDER MANDATE FOR RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS OF A REVENUE OR TRADING NATURE

1. INTRODUCTION

At the Company's Annual General Meeting held on 31 May 2018, the Company obtained from its shareholders a mandate for the RRPT pursuant to Paragraph 10.09 of the Listing Requirements.

The mandate from the shareholders shall, in accordance with the Listing Requirements, lapse at the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM, which has been scheduled to be held on 30 May 2019, unless by a resolution passed at the forthcoming AGM, the mandate is renewed.

Accordingly, on 16 April 2019, the Company announced through Bursa Securities that the Board proposes to seek for renewal of Shareholder Mandate from its shareholders at the forthcoming AGM, for the existing RRPT as outlined in Sections 3.2 and 3.3 of this Circular.

The purpose of this Circular is to provide you with details, rationale and effects of the Proposed Shareholder Mandate and to seek your approval for the resolution, which is to be tabled as an ordinary resolution at the forthcoming AGM scheduled to be convened on 30 May 2019. The Notice of the AGM together with the Form of Proxy are enclosed with the 2018 Annual Report of the Company.

We advise you to read and carefully consider the contents of this Circular before voting on the resolution pertaining to this Proposed Shareholder Mandate at the forthcoming AGM scheduled to be held on 30 May 2019.

2. BACKGROUND INFORMATION OF PROVISIONS IN THE LISTING REQUIREMENTS

Paragraph 10.09(2) of the Listing Requirements states that with regard to related party transactions which are recurrent, of a revenue or trading nature and which are necessary for day-to-day operations, the Company may seek a mandate from its shareholders, subject to the following:-

- (a) the transactions are in the ordinary course of business and are on terms not more favourable to the related party than those generally available to the public;
- (b) the Shareholder Mandate is subject to annual renewal and disclosure is made in the annual report of the aggregate value of transactions conducted pursuant to the Shareholder Mandate during the financial year where the aggregate value is equal to or more than the threshold prescribed under Paragraph 10.09(1) of the Listing Requirements;

- (c) the Company's circular to shareholders for the Shareholder Mandate includes the information as may be prescribed by Bursa Securities. The draft circular must be submitted to Bursa Securities together with a checklist showing compliance with such information;
- (d) in a meeting to obtain Shareholder Mandate, the relevant related party must comply with the requirements set out in Paragraph 10.08(7) of the Listing Requirements; and
- (e) the Company must immediately announce to Bursa Securities when the actual value of a RRPT entered into by the Company, exceeds the estimated value of the RRPT disclosed in the Circular by ten percent (10%) or more and the Company must include the information as may be prescribed by Bursa Securities in its announcement.

3. FEATURES OF THE PROPOSED SHAREHOLDER MANDATE

3.1 Principal activities of SCIB Group

The principal activities of SCIB are that of investment holding and provision of management services to the subsidiaries. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are as follows:-

	Effective Equity Interest	
Name of Company Subsidiaries of SCIB	(%)	Principal Activities
SCIB Holdings Sdn Bhd	100	Investment holding
SCIB Industrialised Building System Sdn. Bhd.	100	Supply and installation of industrialized building system components
Carlton Gardens Sdn. Bhd.	100	Ceased operations. Currently, under Creditors' Voluntary Winding Up proceedings pursuant to Section 440 of the Companies Act 2016.
<u>Subsidiaries of SCIB Holdings Sdn Bhd</u> SCIB Properties Sdn Bhd	100	Property trading, investment and development
SCIB Infraworks Sdn Bhd	100	Infrastructure business and other related business- Dormant
SCIB Concrete Manufacturing Sdn Bhd	100	Trading of construction materials, manufacturing and sale of concrete products

3.2 Classes of Related Parties

	Related Parties	Principal Activities	Names of Interested Directors, Interested Major Shareholders of SCIB and its subsidiaries and Interested Persons Connected and their relationships with the Related Parties
1	ZECON Group	Foundation engineering, civil engineering, building contracting works, property sales and development and other related activities.	 (a) Tan Sri Hamid is a common shareholders of SCIB and ZECON. (b) Tuan Haji Zaidi is the brother to YBhg Datuk Haji Zainal Abidin Bin Haji Ahmad, the Managing Director and substantial shareholder of ZECON. ZECON Group are persons connected with YBhg Datuk Haji Zainal Abidin Bin Haji Ahmad by virtue of his substantial shareholdings in ZECON pursuant to Section 8 of the Act.
2	Reignvest Corporation Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	 (a) Rewi Hamid Bugo is a substantial shareholder of Reignvest Corporation Sdn. Bhd. (b) Tan Sri Hamid is deemed interested by virtue of his substantial interest in Reignvest Corporation Sdn. Bhd. via Sego Holdings Sdn. Bhd. pursuant to Section 8 of the Act. (c) Tan Sri Hamid is the father of Rewi Hamid Bugo.
	Related Parties	Principal Activities	Names of Interested Directors, Interested Major Shareholders of SCIB and its subsidiaries and Interested Persons Connected and their relationships with the Related Parties

3	Rekaruang Sdi Bhd.	Investment holding and property development and as contractor	(a) Rewi Hamid Bugo is a substantial shareholder of Rekaruang Sdn. Bhd.(b) Tan Sri Hamid is deemed interested by virtue of Rewi Hamid Bugo's substantial interest in
			Rekaruang Sdn. Bhd. pursuant to Section 8 of the Act (c) Tan Sri Hamid is the father of Rewi Hamid Bugo.
4	Oricon Sdr Bhd.	Investment holding and property development	(a) Tuan Haji Zaidi is a substantial shareholder of Oricon Sdn. Bhd.
5	Petra Jay Properties Sdr Bhd.		(a) Tan Sri Hamid and Rewi Hamid Bugo are substantial shareholders of Petra Jaya Properties Sdn. Bhd.

3.3 Nature of the RRPT and Estimated Value

3.3.1 Existing RRPT

Name of Related Party	Nature of RRPT	Estimated value for validity period of the mandate (Estimated Value)	Proposed Shareholder Mandate Estimated value	
		(i) RM '000	(ii) RM '000	(iii) RM '000
ZECON Group	Sales of precast Reinforced Concrete Products, Industrialised Building System components, Concrete Roofing Tiles, Concrete Ready Mix and other concrete products and the installation of Industrialised Building System components ("Products and Services") by SCIB Group	10,000	43	10,000
Reignvest Corporation Sdn. Bhd.	Payment of cost of rental of all that parcel of industrial land together with the buildings thereon situate at Sejingkat Industrial Park, containing an area of 2.793 hectares, more or less and described as Lot 830, Block 7, Muara Tebas Land District by SCIB Group at a monthly rental of RM60,000. The land and building are used for manufacturing of precast concrete products and roofing tiles.	1,000	660	1,000

		Existing Sharel	Proposed Shareholder Mandate	
Name of Related Party	Nature of RRPT	Estimated value for validity period of the mandate (Estimated Value)	Actual value transacted during the validity period of the mandate (Actual Value)	Estimated value
		(i) RM '000	(ii) RM '000	(iii) RM '000
Rekaruang Sdn. Bhd.	Sales of products and services by SCIB Group.	5,000	1	5,000
Oricon Sdn. Bhd.	Sales of products and services by SCIB Group.	1,000	19	1,000
Petra Jaya Properties Sdn. Bhd.	Sales of products and services by SCIB Group.	1,000	97	1,000
TOTAL		18,000	820	18,000

Note:-

- (i) The estimated value is as disclosed in the preceding year's Circular to Shareholders dated 30 April 2018.
- (ii) The actual value transacted from the date on which the existing mandate was obtained up to 8 April 2019, being the latest practicable date before the printing of this Circular.
- (iii) The proposed estimated value from the forthcoming AGM until the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company are based on management best estimates of the value of transactions for SCIB Group. These estimates have been derived at after taking into consideration both historical data and the best estimate for these transactions. The price of the Products and Services are conducted at market rate which is at arm's length and under normal commercial terms which are not more favourable to the Related Party than those generally available to the public and are not to the detriment of the minority shareholders.

There was no deviation of 10% or more where the Actual Value exceeds the Estimated Value of RRPT comprised under the existing Shareholder Mandate.

3.4 Ageing report for Recurrent Related Party Transactions

Name of Related Party	As at 8 April 2019	Nor mal Cred		Outstanding RRPT Receivables as at 31 December exceeded the credit term for the following periods					2018 which has		
-		it term	Less than 1 year		More t year less yea	than 3	years le	than 3 ess than ears	Mor	e than 5 years	
	RM'000		Principal sum RM'000	Interest RM'000	Principal sum RM'000	Interest RM'000	Princip al sum RM'000	Interest RM'000	Principal sum RM'000	Interest RM'000	
ZECON Group (Note (i),(ii), (iii))	RM1,300,000 subsequent receipt via contra of properties	90 days	161	48	546	382	565	587	-	1	
Rekaruang Sdn. Bhd.	-	90 days	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oricon Sdn. Bhd.	RM24,000 subsequent receipt	90 days	63	1	-	-	-	-	-	ı	
Petra Jaya Properties Sdn. Bhd.		90 days	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total			224	48	546	382	565	587	-	-	

⁽i) Late payment charges of eight (8) per centum per annum were imposed effective January 2015 in regards to the outstanding RRPT amount due.

- (ii) Actions taken to recover the outstanding RRPT amount due are as follows:
 - a) Reminder and demand letters were sent out to related party
 - b) Follow up session through visits to related party
 - c) Proposed settlement through separate arrangements are under consideration.
- (iii) Total principal sum which has exceeded 180 days were impaired but not written off. Having reviewed the outstanding RRPT receivables, the Board and Audit Committee were of the opinion that these outstanding RRPT amount due are recoverable as indicated in Section 3.4(ii)(c).

3.5 Rationale and benefit of the Proposed Shareholder Mandate

The transactions to be entered into with Related Parties by the Group are in the ordinary course of business and will enhance the revenue of the SCIB Group.

They are recurring transactions of revenue or trading nature which are likely to occur with some degree of frequency and arise at any time and from time to time. These transactions may be constrained by the time-sensitive nature and confidentiality of such transactions, and it may be impractical to seek shareholders' approval on a case to case basis before entering into such related party transactions.

The Proposed Shareholder Mandate would also reduce substantial administrative time, inconvenience and expense of having to frequently convene a separate general meeting for approval of each transaction while still maintaining the objective of keeping shareholders informed of the extent of the related party transactions occurring within the Group. This would have the benefit of reducing administrative time and costs to the Company, which could be better utilised towards pursuing our corporate objectives.

3.6 Review methods or procedures for RRPT

The Board has in place an internal control system, which includes review of methods or procedures to ensure that such RRPT are conducted at arm's length and are on normal commercial terms consistent with the Group usual business practices and policies, as well as on terms which are not more favourable to the Related Party than those generally available to the public and are not to the detriment of our minority shareholders. The management will ensure that the RRPT will only be entered into after taking into consideration the pricing, level of service and quality of product.

The review and disclosure procedures shall include the following:-

- (a) Records of RRPT will be maintained and shall be made available to the external auditors, internal auditors and Audit Committee for their review;
- (b) The internal auditors will review the RRPT as part of the internal audit programme and report their findings to the Audit Committee and the Board;
- (c) Terms of the Related Party Transactions relating to the price or sales/distribution margins shall not be subject to substantial change during the period that the Shareholder Mandate is in force. Where such change is deemed necessary, the management and the Audit Committee shall review the new terms to ensure that they are consistent with a transaction conducted at arm's length and on normal commercial terms consistent with the Group's usual business practices and policies and will not be prejudicial to the shareholders. The management shall ensure that the new terms are not more favourable to the Related Party than those generally available to the public and are not to the detriment of our minority shareholders;
- (d) Wherever possible, at least two (2) other contemporaneous transactions and/or quotations with unrelated third parties for similar products/ services and/or quantities will be used as comparison, to determine whether the price and terms offered to/ by the related parties are fair and reasonable and comparable to those offered to/by other unrelated third parties for the same or substantially similar type of produces/services and/or quantities;
- (e) In the event that quotation or comparative pricing from unrelated third parties cannot be obtained (for instance, if there are no unrelated third party vendors/customers of similar products or services, or if the product/ service is a proprietary item), the transaction price will be determined and approved by the Board to ensure the RRPT is not detrimental to the SCIB Group;
- (f) There are no specific thresholds for approval as all RRPT are reviewed and approved by the Chief Internal Auditor. The Audit Committee and the Board will review and approve the RRPT that are required under the Listing Requirements;
- (g) Further, where any Directors or Persons Connected have an interest (direct or indirect) in the RRPT, such Director (and his alternate) shall abstain from deliberation and voting on the matter. Where any member of the Audit Committee is interested in any transaction, that member shall abstain from deliberation and voting on any matter relating to any decisions to be taken by the Audit Committee with respect to such transactions; and

(h) Disclosure will be made in the annual report of the Company of the aggregate value of the RRPT conducted pursuant to the Proposed Shareholder Mandate during the financial year, amongst others, based on the type of the RRPT and the names of the Related Parties involved in each type of the RRPT made and their relationship with SCIB. Disclosure will also be made in the annual reports for the subsequent financial years during which the Shareholder Mandate remain in force.

3.7 Statement by Audit Committee

The Audit Committee of SCIB has seen and reviewed the methods and/or procedures mentioned in Section 3.6 above and is of the view that the said procedures are sufficient to ensure that the RRPT are not more favourable to the related party than those generally available to the public and are not to the detriment of the minority shareholders. The Audit Committee is of the view that the SCIB Group has in place adequate procedures, guidelines and processes to monitor, track and identify RRPT in a timely and orderly manner, and such procedures, guidelines and processes are reviewed once a year.

3.8 Directors' and Major Shareholders' Interests

The direct and indirect interest of the interested Directors, interested Major Shareholders and/or Person Connected with them in SCIB as at 8 April 2019 are as follows:-

	Direct Interest		Indirect Interest	
	No. of Shares	%	No. of Shares	%
Interested Directors				
Tan Sri Hamid	7,305,055	8.51	9,281,600 a	10.81
Rewi Hamid Bugo	2,088,300	2.43	9,281,600 ^a	10.81
Tuan Haji Zaidi	190,800	0.22	135,715 b	0.16
Interested Major Shareholders				
Pacific Unit Sdn. Bhd. c	9,281,600	10.81	-	-
Tan Sri Hamid	7,305,055	8.51	9,281,600 a	10.81
Rewi Hamid Bugo	2,088,300	2.43	2,088,300 a	10.81
Person Connected				
Oricon Sdn. Bhd. ^d	135,715	0.16	-	-

Note:-

- a By virtue of their interests in Pacific Unit Sdn. Bhd. pursuant to Section 8 of the Act
- b By virtue of his interest in Oricon Sdn. Bhd.
- c Deemed Person Connected with Tan Sri Hamid and Rewi Hamid Bugo
- d Deemed Person Connected with Tuan Haji Zaidi

The abovementioned interested Director, Major Shareholder and Person Connected (namely, Pacific Unit Sdn. Bhd. and Oricon Sdn. Bhd.) will abstain from voting on the resolution approving the Proposed Shareholder Mandate in the forthcoming AGM in respect of their shareholdings in SCIB. Tan Sri Hamid, Rewi Hamid Bugo and Tuan Haji Zaidi, being the Directors interested in the Proposed Shareholder Mandate have abstained and will continue to abstain from all Board deliberation and voting on the Proposed Shareholder Mandate. Tan Sri Hamid, Rewi Hamid Bugo and Tuan Haji Zaidi will abstain from voting in respect of their direct and indirect shareholdings on the resolution pertaining to the Proposed Shareholder Mandate for RRPT.

In addition, the above interested Directors and interested Major Shareholders undertake to ensure that their Persons Connected will also abstain from voting in respect of their direct and indirect shareholdings on the resolution deliberating or approving the Proposed Shareholder Mandate.

Save as disclosed above, none of the other Directors, Major Shareholders and/or Persons Connected with them have any interests (direct or indirect) in the Proposed Shareholder Mandate.

4. EFFECTS OF THE PROPOSED SHAREHOLDER MANDATE

The Proposed Shareholder Mandate will not have any effect on our issued and paid-up share capital and substantial shareholders' shareholdings and will not have any significant impact on the net assets per share and earnings per share of our Group for the year ending 31 December 2019.

However, the Proposed Shareholder Mandate is expected to contribute positively to the net assets and earnings of our Group during the period that the Proposed Shareholder Mandate is in force.

5. CONDITIONS OF THE PROPOSED SHAREHOLDER MANDATE

The Proposed Shareholder Mandate is conditional upon approval being obtained from the shareholders of SCIB at the forthcoming AGM and is subject to annual renewal and shall continue to be in force until:-

- a) the conclusion of the next AGM of SCIB at which the Proposed Shareholder Mandate was passed, at which time it will lapse, unless by a resolution passed at the meeting, the authority is renewed;
- b) the expiration of the period within which the next AGM after the date is required to be held pursuant to Section 340(2) of the Act (but must not extend to such extension as may be allowed pursuant to Section 340(4) of the Act); or
- c) revoked or varied by resolution passed by the shareholders in general meeting,

whichever is the earlier.

A disclosure of a breakdown of the aggregate value of the RRPT conducted pursuant to the Proposed Shareholder Mandate during the financial year shall be made in the annual report where the aggregate value is equal to or more than the threshold prescribed under Paragraph 10.09(1)(a) of the Listing Requirements, amongst others, based on the following information:-

- the type of the RRPT made; and
- the names of the related parties involved in each type of the RRPT made and their relationship with SCIB.

6. DIRECTORS' STATEMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

Our Directors, save and except for Tan Sri Hamid, Rewi Hamid Bugo and Tuan Haji Zaidi who have abstained from expressing an opinion, are of the opinion that the Proposed Shareholder Mandate is in the best interest of SCIB and as such, recommend that you vote in favour of the resolution in relation to the Proposed Shareholder Mandate to be tabled at our forthcoming AGM.

7. ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

We will hold our AGM at the Board Room, Ground Floor, SCIB Building, Jalan Utama, Pending Industrial Estate, 93450 Kuching, Sarawak on Thursday, 30 May 2019 at 10:00 a.m. and any adjournment thereof for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the ordinary resolution to give effect to the Proposed Shareholder Mandate, as set out under the item of Special Business at the forthcoming AGM.

If you are unable to attend and vote in person at our forthcoming AGM and wish to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on your behalf, you should complete, sign and return the Form of Proxy as attached with the 2018 Annual Report of the Company in accordance with the instructions printed therein as soon as possible and, in any event, so as to reach at our registered office at Lot 1258, Jalan Utama, Pending Industrial Estate, 93450 Kuching, Sarawak not later than forty-eight (48) hours before the time set for holding the AGM or any adjournment thereof. The lodging of the Form of Proxy will not, however, preclude you from attending and voting in person at our forthcoming AGM should you subsequently wish to do so.

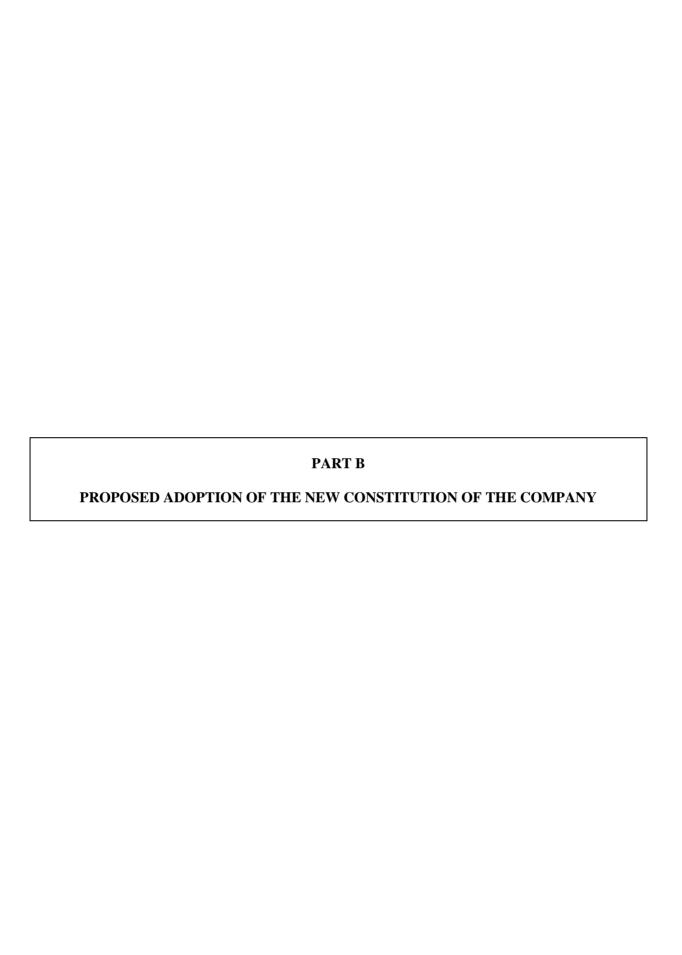
8. FURTHER INFORMATION

We advise you to refer to Appendix A for further information.

Yours faithfully for and on behalf of the Board SARAWAK CONSOLIDATED INDUSTRIES BERHAD

SHAMSUL ANUAR BIN AHAMAD IBRAHIM

Independent Non-Executive Director





SARAWAK CONSOLIDATED INDUSTRIES BERHAD

(Company No.: 25583-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registered Office:

Lot 1258, Jalan Utama Pending Industrial Estate 93450 Kuching Sarawak

30 April 2019

Board of Directors:

YBhg. Tan Sri Datuk Amar (Dr.) Hamid Bin Bugo (Chairman/Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

YBhg. Datu Ir. Haji Mohidden Bin Haji Ishak (Independent Non-Executive Director)

YBhg. Datu Haji Soedirman Bin Haji Aini (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Encik Shamsul Anuar Bin Ahamad Ibrahim (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Encik Rewi Hamid Bugo (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

Tuan Haji Zaidi Bin Haji Ahmad (Non-Independent Non- Executive Director)

Tuan Haji Abdul Hadi Bin Datuk Abdul Kadir (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

To: Our Shareholders

Dear Sir/Madam.

PROPOSED ADOPTION OF THE NEW CONSTITUTION OF THE COMPANY

1. INTRODUCTION

On 16 April 2019, the Board of Directors of the Company announced that Sarawak Consolidated Industries Berhad ("SCIB") proposes to seek approval for the proposed adoption of the new Constitution of the Company (the "Proposed Adoption") at the AGM to be convened at Board Room, Ground Floor, SCIB Building, Lot 1258, Jalan Utama, Pending Industrial Estate, 93450 Kuching, Sarawak on Thursday, 30 May 2019 at 10:00 a.m. The purpose of this Circular is to provide you with the relevant details of the Proposed Adoption and to seek your approval for the special resolution therein to be tabled at the AGM.

SHAREHOLDERS OF SCIB ARE ADVISED TO READ AND CONSIDER THE CONTENTS OF THIS CIRCULAR CAREFULLY BEFORE VOTING ON THE RESOLUTION PERTAINING TO THE PROPOSED ADOPTION AT THE AGM.

2. DETAILS OF THE PROPOSED ADOPTION

The Board proposes for the Company to delete its existing Memorandum and Articles of Association in its entirety and in place thereof, to adopt a new Constitution to align with the Companies Act 2016 which came into force on 31 January 2017, the updated provision of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities and the prevailing laws, guidelines or requirements of the relevant authorities, to enhance administrative efficiency and provide greater clarity. A copy of the new Constitution proposed to be adopted is annexed herewith as Appendix 1.

3. APPROVALS REQUIRED

The Proposed Adoption as set out in Part B is subject to the approval being obtained from the shareholders of the Company at the AGM.

4. FINANCIAL EFFECTS

The Proposed Adoption will not have any effect on the earning per share and net asset per share at the SCIB Group level, issued share capital, substantial shareholding and dividend rate of the Company.

5. DIRECTORS' AND MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS

None of the Directors, Major Shareholders or Persons Connected with them have interest in the Proposed Adoption.

6. DIRECTORS' RECOMMENDATION

The Board recommends that you vote in favour of the special resolution pertaining to the Proposed Adoption to be tabled at the AGM.

7. ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The AGM will be held at Board Room, Ground Floor, SCIB Building, Lot 1258, Jalan Utama, Pending Industrial Estate, 93450 Kuching, Sarawak on Thursday, 30 May 2019 at 10:00 a.m. for the purpose of considering and if thought fit, passing the special resolution pertaining to the Proposed Adoption.

If a shareholder is unable to attend the AGM and wishes to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his behalf, he should complete, sign and return the Form of Proxy in accordance with the instructions printed thereon as soon as possible and, in any event, so as to reach the Company's registered office at Lot 1258, Jalan Utama, Pending Industrial Estate, 93450 Kuching, Sarawak not later than 10:00 a.m. on Tuesday, 28 May 2019. The completion and return of the Form of Proxy by a shareholder will not prevent him from attending and voting at the AGM in person, if he so wishes.

8. FURTHER INFORMATION

Shareholders are requested to refer to the Appendix A for further information.

Yours faithfully for and on behalf of the Board SARAWAK CONSOLIDATED INDUSTRIES BERHAD

TAN SRI DATUK AMAR (DR.) HAMID BIN BUGO

Non-Independent Non-Executive Chairman

THE COMPANIES ACT 2016 MALAYSIA

PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

CONSTITUTION

OF

SARAWAK CONSOLIDATED INDUSTRIES BERHAD

(25583-W)

Incorporated on the 10th day of December, 1975

THE COMPANIES ACT 2016 MALAYSIA

PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

CONSTITUTION

OF

SARAWAK CONSOLIDATED INDUSTRIES BERHAD

1. The name of the Company is SARAWAK CONSOLIDATED INDUSTRIES BERHAD.

Name

2. The Registered Office of the Company will be situated in Malaysia.

Registered Office

3. The objects of the Company are as follows:

Objects of the Company

- (a) To purchase or otherwise acquire for investment or resale, and to traffic in lands, houses, buildings, plantations, and immovable property of any tenure of any interest therein, and any movable property of any description or any interest therein, and to create, sell and deal in freehold and leasehold lands, ground rents, generally to acquire, deal in, traffic by way of sale, lease, exchange or otherwise with property of every description, whether immovable or movable, real or personal and whether for valuable consideration or not;
- (b) To carry on the business of a holding and investment company and to acquire by purchase, exchange, subscription or otherwise and to hold the whole or any part of the securities and interests of and in any companies for the time being engaged, concerned or interested in any industry, trade or business and to promote the beneficial cooperation of any such companies as well with one another as with the Company and to exercise in respect of such investments and holdings all the rights, powers and privileges of ownership including the right to vote thereon; and
- (c) To employ the funds of the Company in the development and expansion of the business of the Company and all or any of its subsidiary or related companies and in any other company whether now existing or hereafter to be formed and engaged in any like business of the Company or any of its subsidiary or related companies or of any other industry ancillary thereto or which can conveniently be carried on in connection therewith and to provide management, secretarial, accounting, advisory and all types of consultancy services (including but not limited to technical, administrative, human resources matters, preparing budget, costing, accounting business systems, plantation related consultancy and/or engineering in relation to mills and factories, buildings and works) to all or any of its subsidiary or related companies and in any other company whether now existing or hereafter to be formed.

AND THAT for the above purposes, the Company shall have full capacity, rights, power and privileges to achieve and in support of the above objects.

APPLICABILITY OF COMPANIES ACT 2016 AND THE THIRD SCHEDULE

4. The provisions set out in the Companies Act 2016 and the Third Schedule of the Companies Act 2016 which may be modified or substituted by the provisions of this Constitution shall not apply to the Company, except in so far as the same are repeated or contained in this Constitution.

Application of Companies Act 2016 & 3rd Schedule

5. The liability of the members is limited.

Liability of members

6. In this Constitution of the Company, unless the subject or context requires otherwise, the words standing in the first column of the following table shall bear the meanings set opposite to them respectively in the second column (with the plural, singular and other grammatical expressions of the words having a corresponding meaning and being construed accordingly):

Definition and Interpretation

Words	Meanings
Act	The Companies Act 2016 as amended from time to time and any re-enactment thereof.
Bursa Securities	Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and its successors-in-title.
Business Day	A day except Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays, on which banks are open for business.
Branch Register(s)	The branch register of members of the Company to be kept pursuant to the Act.
CMSA	The Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 as amended from time to time and any re-enactment thereof.
Company	Sarawak Consolidated Industries Berhad.
Constitution	This Constitution as originally framed or as altered from time to time by special resolution.
Deposited Security	A security standing to the credit of a Securities Account, and includes securities in a Securities Account that is in suspense.
Depositor	A holder of a Securities Account established by the Depository.
Depository	Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn Bhd and its successors-in-title.
Depositories Act	The Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991, as amended from time to time and any reenactment thereof.
Director(s)	The Directors for the time being of the Company.

Listing Requirements The Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa

Securities, including any amendment thereto that may be made from time to time and applicable to and

governing the Company.

Market Day A day on which Bursa Securities is open for trading

in securities.

Member Any person for the time being holding shares in the

Company and whose name appears in the Register of Members (excludes the Depository or its nominee company in whose name the Deposited Security is registered), including Depositors whose names

appear on the Record of Depositors.

Month Calendar month.

Office The registered office for the time being of the

Company.

Record of Depositors A record provided by the Depository to the Company

pursuant to Chapter 24 of the Rules of the

Depository.

Register The register of members to be kept pursuant to the

Act.

Registrar Such person, firm or company which for the time

being maintains in Malaysia the Register.

Ringgit Malaysia or RM The lawful currency of Malaysia.

Rules of the Depository Shall have the meaning given in Section 2 of the

Depositories Act.

Seal The common seal of the Company.

Secretary Any person or persons appointed to perform the

duties of a secretary of the Company for the time being and shall include a joint secretary and alternate

secretary.

Securities Shall have the meaning given in Section 2(1) of the

CMSA.

Securities Account An account established by the Depository for a

Depositor for the recording of deposit of securities and for dealings in such securities by the Depositor.

Shares The ordinary shares in the capital of the Company.

Year Calendar year.

In this Constitution, the following shall be applied unless the context requires otherwise.

- (a) Headings are for convenience only and do not affect interpretation.
- (b) Writing shall include printing and lithography and any other mode or modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.
- (c) Where a word or phrase is defined, its other grammatical forms have a corresponding meaning.
- (d) Words importing the singular number only shall include the plural number and vice versa.
- (e) Words importing a gender include all genders.
- (f) Words importing persons shall include corporations, partnerships, unincorporated bodies and any other entity.
- (g) A reference to any statute, legislation, regulation, requirement, guideline or provision thereof is a reference to such statute, legislation, regulation, requirement, guideline or provision as amended, modified, re-enacted, supplemented or substituted from time to time.
- (h) Subject as aforesaid, any words or expressions defined in the Act and the Depositories Act shall bear the same meanings in this Constitution.

SHARES

7. The shares taken by the subscribers to this Constitution shall be duly issued by the Directors. Subject as aforesaid, the shares shall be under the control of the Directors who may, subject to the provisions of the Act and this Constitution, allot, issue, place under option or otherwise deal with or dispose of them to such persons on such terms and conditions (whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of share capital or otherwise and whether ranking equally with, or in priority to, shares already issued) and at such times as the Directors deem fit and with full power to give to any person the call of any shares and for such consideration as the Directors deem fit; but without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any existing shares or class of shares.

Power to issue shares

None of the funds of the Company or of any subsidiary of the Company shall be employed in the purchase or subscription of shares of the Company or in loans upon the security thereof except in accordance with Section 127 of the Act and the provisions of Article 22.

8. Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the Company in general meeting, all new shares or other convertible securities shall, before issue, be offered to such persons as at the date of the offer are entitled to receive notices from the Company of general meetings in proportion as nearly as the circumstances admit, to the amount of the existing shares or securities to which they are entitled. The offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares or securities offered, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and, after the expiration of that time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the person to whom the offer is made that he declines to accept the shares or securities offered, the Directors may dispose of those shares or securities in such manner as they

Pre-emption rights

think most beneficial to the Company. The Directors may likewise also dispose of any new share or security which (by reason of the ratio which the new shares or securities bear to shares or securities held by persons entitled to an offer of new shares or securities) cannot, in the opinion of the Directors, be conveniently offered under this Constitution.

9. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Depositories Act and the Rules of the Depository, the Company shall allot and/or issue securities, despatch notices of allotment to the successful allottees and make an application for the quotation of such securities.

Allotment and despatch of notice of allotment

10. The Company must not cause or authorise its registrars to cause the Securities Accounts of the allottees to be credited with the additional Shares until after it has filed with the Bursa Securities an application for listing of such additional Shares and been notified by the Bursa Securities that they have been authorised for listing.

Crediting of

11. If, by the conditions of allotment of any Share, the whole or part of the amount or issue price thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the person who for the time being and from time to time shall be the registered holder of the Share, or his legal personal representatives.

Payment by instalment

12. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Depositories Act and the Rules of the Depository, no person shall be entitled to receive any dividend distribution or other entitlement or be entitled to exercise any rights or privileges of a Member until his name shall have been entered in the Register or Record of Depositors and he shall have paid all calls and other moneys for the time being due and payable on every share held by him together with interest and expenses (if any).

Entitlement to dividend or rights

13. A Depositor who is deemed a Member pursuant to Section 147(1) of the Act shall, subject to the provisions of the Depositories Act and any regulations made thereunder, be entitled to the number of Shares stated in the Record of Depositors and all rights, benefits, powers and privileges and be subject to all liabilities, duties and obligations in respect of, or arising from such Shares (whether conferred or imposed by the Act or this Constitution). The Company shall not be obliged to enter in the Register the names and particulars of Depositors who are deemed to be Members pursuant to Section 147(3) of the Act.

Entitlement to

14. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any Share upon any trust or assignment, and the Company shall not be bound by or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any Share or any unit of Share or (save as otherwise provided by this Constitution or by law) any other right in respect of any Share, other than an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.

Trust not to be recognised

15. In addition to all other powers of paying commissions, the Company (or the Board on behalf of the Company) may exercise powers conferred by Section 80 of the Act of applying its shares or capital moneys in paying commissions to persons subscribing or agreeing to subscribe or procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions for shares of the Company, PROVIDED THAT the rate per centum or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by the Act and shall not exceed 10% of the price at which the shares in respect whereof the commission is paid are issued

Power to pay commission and brokerage on subscription of shares or an amount equivalent thereto. The Company (or the Board on behalf of the Company) may also on any issue of the shares pay such brokerage as may be lawful.

16. The Company may by notice in writing require any Member of the Company, within such reasonable time as is specified in the notices:

Company may require information

- (a) to inform the Company whether he holds any voting shares in the Company as beneficial owner, Authorised Nominee or as trustee; and
- (b) If he holds them as trustee or Authorised Nominee, to indicate so far as he can, the persons for whom he holds them by name and by other particulars sufficient to enable those persons to be identified and the nature of their interest.
- 17. Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any share or class of shares already issued, but subject to the Act and this Constitution any shares in the Company (whether forming part of the original capital or not) may be issued or have attached thereto such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or such restrictions whether in regard to dividend, return of capital, voting or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determined provided that:

Power to issue shares with several rights

- (a) the holders of preference shares shall have the same rights as the holders of ordinary shares as regards receiving notices, reports and audited financial statements and attending general meetings of the Company but shall only have the right to vote at any meeting convened for the purpose of reducing the capital, or winding up on a proposal for the disposal of the whole of the Company's property, business and undertaking or where the proposition to be submitted to the meeting directly affects their right and privileges or when the dividend on such shares is in arrears for more than six (6) months; and
- (b) the Company shall not unless with the consent of the existing preference shareholders at a class meeting or pursuant to Article 63 hereof issue further preference capital ranking in priority above preference shares already issued but may issue preference shares ranking equally therewith.

Subject to the Act, any preference shares may be issued on the terms that they are, or at the option of the Company are liable, to be redeemed.

CERTIFICATES

18. Every certificate issued shall be under the share seal or Seal of the Company and bear signatures or the autographic signatures of at least one (1) Director and the Secretary or a second Director or such other person as may be authorised by the Directors and shall specify the shares to which it relates and the amount paid up thereon.

Share Certificate

19. (1) Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Depositories Act and the Rules of the Depository where a certificate or other document of title to shares or debentures is lost, destroyed or stolen, the Company shall on payment of a fee not exceeding Ringgit Malaysia Three (RM3.00) only issue a duplicate certificate or document in lieu thereof to the owner on his application accompanied by:

Issuance of duplicate share certificate

- (a) a statutory declaration that the certificate or document has been lost, destroyed, disposed off and if lost, that proper searches have been made; and
- (b) an undertaking in writing that if it is found received by the owner it will be returned to the Company.

The Member or person entitled to whom such duplicate certificate is issued shall pay to the Company all expenses incidental to the investigations by the Company of the evidence of such destruction, loss or theft and shall bear any loss that may be incurred by the Company as a result of the Company issuing such duplicate certificates to such person.

- (2) Subject to provisions of the Act, the Depositories Act and the Rules of the Depository, where the value of the shares or debentures represented by the certificate or document is greater than Ringgit Malaysia Five Hundred (RM500.00) only, the Directors of the Company may, before accepting an application for the issue of a duplicate certificate or document, require the applicant:
 - (a) to cause an advertisement to be inserted in a newspaper circulating in a place specified by the Directors stating that the certificate or document has been lost or destroyed and that the owner intends after the expiration of fourteen (14) days after the publication of the advertisement to apply to the Company for a duplicate; or
 - (b) to furnish a bond for an amount equal to at least the current market value of the shares or debentures indemnifying the Company against loss following the production of the original certificate or document;

or may require the applicant to do both of those things.

20. The Depository or its nominee company shall be entitled to receive jumbo certificates in denominations requested by the Depository or its nominee company for shares that are Deposited Securities which shall be issued in accordance with the Depositories Act and the Rules of the Depository. If the Depository or its nominee company shall require more than one (1) jumbo certificate in respect of the shares that are Deposited Securities, it shall pay such fee (if any) as the Directors may from time to time determine and which the Company may be permitted to charge by law plus any stamp duty and other charges levied by the Government and other regulatory bodies from time to time.

21. Certificates, in relation to any securities (including Shares) which are prescribed securities pursuant to Section 14 of the Depositories Act, shall only be issued, replaced or cancelled (in such manner as may be determined by the Directors in accordance with applicable laws and requirements) by the Company for purposes of compliance with the Act, the Depositories Act, the Rules of the Depository and other applicable laws and regulations. Subject to the Act, the certificates in relation to all other Shares not so prescribed shall be issued, replaced or cancelled in the manner provided in the Act to the extent that the same is not inconsistent with this Constitution.

Jumbo certificate

Certificate in relation to prescribed securities

PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES

22. Subject to and in accordance with the provisions of the Act and such other relevant law, regulation or guideline for the time being in force, the Company is allowed and shall have power, to the fullest extent permitted, to purchase any of its own shares of any class, including any redeemable shares, and thereafter, the Directors may resolve and shall have the fullest power to deal with such purchased shares in accordance with the provisions of the Act and such other relevant law, regulation or guideline.

Power to purchase own shares

DISPOSAL OF SHARES OF MEMBERS WHOSE WHEREABOUTS UNKNOWN

23. (1) Subject to the provisions of the Depositories Act and the Rules of the Depository, whereby the exercise of reasonable diligence, the Company is unable to discover the whereabouts of a member for a period of not less than ten (10) years, the Company may cause an advertisement to be published in a newspaper circulating in the place shown in the Register or the Record of Depositors as the address of the Member stating that the Company after expiration of one (1) month from the date of the advertisement intends to transfer the shares to the Minister charged with responsibility for finance.

Members whose whereabouts is

(2) Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Depositories Act and the Rules of the Depository, if after the expiration of one (1) month from the date of the advertisement the whereabouts of the Member remains unknown, the Company may transfer the Shares held by the Member in the Company to the Minister charged with responsibility for finance, and for such purpose may execute or effect for and on behalf of the Member a transfer of those shares to the Minister charged with responsibility for finance.

LIEN

24. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every Share (not being fully paid share) for all money called or payable at a fixed time in respect of the particular Share and the Company's lien, if any, on a Share shall extend to all dividend payable thereon.

Company to have paramount lien on share

The Company's lien on Shares and dividend from time to time declared in respect of such Shares, however, shall be restricted to unpaid calls and instalments upon the specific shares in respect of which such moneys are due and unpaid, and to such amounts as the Company may be called upon by law to pay and has paid in respect of the Shares of the Member or deceased Member but the Directors may at any time declare any Share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this Constitution.

25. Subject to the provision of the Act, the Directors may sell any Shares subject to such lien at such time or times and in such manner as they think fit, but no sale shall be made until such time as the money in respect of which such lien exists or some part thereof are or is presently payable or a liability or engagement in respect of which such lien exists is liable to be presently fulfilled or discharge, and until a demand and notice in writing stating the amount due or specifying the liability or engagement and demanding payment or fulfilment or discharged thereof, and giving notice of intention to sell in default, shall have been served on such members or the persons (if any) entitled by transmission to the shares, and default in payment, fulfilment or discharge shall have been made by him or them for 14 days after such notice.

Lien may be enforced by sale of share 26. To give effect to any sale, the Directors may authorise any person to transfer such Shares to the purchaser.

Director may effect transfer

27. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Depositories Act and the Rules of the Depository, the purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the Shares comprised in any such transfer and he shall not be bound or concerned to inquire into the application of the purchase money or the regularity of the sale, nor shall his title to the Shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale. The remedy of the holder of such Share or of any person claiming under or through him in respect of any alleged irregularity or invalidity shall be in damages against the Company only.

Remedy for wrongful transfer

All moneys received on any such sale shall be applied firstly, in payment of all costs of such sale and of any attempted sale and secondly, in payment of all moneys (including accrued interest charged on the shares by virtue of such lien or other expenses) presently payable and, subject to such payment, the balance if any shall (subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed on the shares prior to the sale) be paid to the person who was entitled to such shares immediately prior to the date of such sale, or his executors, administrators or assignees or as he may direct.

28. The net proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in towards satisfaction of the amount due to the Company, or the liability or engagement, as the case may be, and the balance (if any) shall be paid to the Member or the person (if any) entitled by transmission to the Shares so sold.

Application of proceeds of sale

29. No Member shall be entitled to receive any dividend or to exercise any privileges as a Member until he has paid all calls for the time being due and payable on every Share held by him together with interest and expenses (if any).

Unpaid calls

30. Whenever any law for the time being of any country, state or place imposes or purports to impose any immediate or future or possible liability upon the Company to make any payment or empowers any government or taxing authority or government official to require the Company to make any payment in respect of any Shares registered in the Register as held by any Member or in respect of any dividends, bonuses or other moneys due or payable or accruing due or which may become due or payable to such Member by the Company or in respect of any Shares registered as aforesaid or for or on account or in respect of any Member and whether in consequence of:

Liability to make any payment

- (a) the death of such Member;
- (b) the non-payment of any income tax or other tax by such Member;
- (c) any other act or thing;

The Company in every such case:

- (i) shall be fully indemnified by such Member or his executor or administrator from all liability;
- (ii) shall have a lien upon all dividends, bonuses and other moneys payable in respect of the shares registered in the Register and/or the Record of Depositors as held by such Member for all moneys paid or payable by the Company in respect of the same shares or in respect of any dividend. Bonus or other moneys as aforesaid thereon or for or on account or in respect of such Member under or in consequence of any such law together with interest at the rate of 8% per annum thereon

from date of payment to date of repayment and may deduct or set off against any such dividend, bonus or money payable as aforesaid any moneys paid or payable by the Company as aforesaid together with interest as aforesaid; and

(iii) may recover as a debt due from such Member or his executor or administrator wherever constituted any moneys paid by the Company under or in consequence of any such law and interest thereon at the rate and for the period aforesaid in excess of any dividend, bonus or other money as aforesaid then due or payable by the Company to such Member.

CALLS ON SHARES

31. The Directors may, subject to the provisions of this Constitution, from time to time make such calls upon the Members in respect of all moneys unpaid on their Shares as they think fit, provided that 14 days notice at least is given of each call and each Member shall be liable to pay the amount of every call so made upon him to the persons by the instalments (if any) and at the times and places appointed by the Directors.

Directors may make

32. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising such call was passed.

Effective date of

33. The joint holders of a Share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect of the Share and any interest accrued thereon.

Joint holders to pay

34. If before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, a call or instalment payable in respect of a Share is not paid, the person whom the same is due shall pay interest on the amount of the call or instalment at such rate not exceeding 8% per annum as the Directors shall fix from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment, but the Directors may waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.

Interest on unpaid

35. Any sum which by the terms of allotment of a Share is made payable upon allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the amount of the Share shall, for all purpose of this Constitution, be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date fixed for the payment, and in case of non-payment the provisions of this Constitution as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture and the like, and all the relevant provisions of this Constitution, shall be apply as if such sum were a call duly made and notified as hereby provided.

When calls deemed made

36. The Directors may, from time to time, make arrangements on the issue of Shares for a difference between the holders of such Shares in the amount of calls to be paid and in the time of payment of such calls.

Difference in amount of calls

37. The Directors may, if they think fit, receive from any Member willing to advance the same all or any part of the moneys due upon his shares beyond the sums actually called up thereon, and upon the moneys so paid in advance, or so much thereof as exceeds the amount for the time being called up on the shares in respect of which such advance has been made, the Directors may pay or allow such interest not exceeding 8% per annum as may be agreed between them and such member, in addition to the dividend payable upon such part of the share in respect of which such advance has been made as is actually called up.

Capital paid in advance of calls

CALLS PAID ON SHARES IN ADVANCE OF CALLS

38. Capital paid on Shares in advance of call shall not, whilst carrying interest, confer a right to participate in profits.

Advances of calls

39. Subject to this Constitution, the Rules of the Depository, the Depositories Act, Listing Requirements, any Member may transfer all or any of his Shares by instrument in writing in the form prescribed and approved by the Listing Requirements, the Act, and/or the Depositories Act as the case may be. All transfers shall be effected in accordance with the Depositories Act and the Rules of the Depository.

Form of transfer of securities

40. The transfer of any listed security or class of listed security of the Company, shall be by way of book entry by the Depository in accordance with the Rules of the Depository and, notwithstanding Sections 105, 106 or 110 of the Act, but subject to Section 148(2) of the Act and any exemption that may be made from compliance with Section 148(1) of the Act, the Company shall be precluded from registering and effecting any transfer of the listed securities.

Transfer of Shares

41. Nothing in this Constitution shall be construed as affecting the obligation of the Company to keep a Register of its members and a register of option holders and to open them for inspection in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Register of Members

42. Subject to the Depositories Act and the Rules of the Depository, the instrument of transfer of any share shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the Share until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register and/or the Record of Depositors as the case may be in respect thereof.

Transferor deemed holder until transferee is registered

- 43. No Shares shall in any circumstances be transferred to any infant, bankrupt or person of unsound mind.
- 44. The Company shall maintain a book called "Register of Transfer" which shall be kept by the Secretary or such person authorised by the Directors. Subject to the provisions of the Depositories Act and the Rules of the Depository and this Constitution, particulars of the transfer or transmission of every share shall be

entered into the Register of Transfers.

Register of Transfer

45. With the exception of transfer in favour of the Depository and subject to the provisions of the Depositories Act and the Rules of the Depository, the Directors may decline to register the transfer of any share (not being a fully paid share) and may also decline to register the transfer of any share on which the Company has lien or if the registration of the transfer would result in a contravention of or a failure to observe the provisions of a law in Malaysia.

Decline to register transfer

The transfer books and the Record of Depositors and debenture holders may be closed for such periods as the Directors think fit provided that ten (10) clear days' notice of intention shall be given by advertisement in a local daily newspaper circulating in Malaysia and despatched to the relevant Stock Exchange stating the books closing date and the reason thereof, not exceeding in the whole 30 days in each year. The transfer books and Register may be closed for the purpose of determining persons entitled to dividends, interest, or new securities, or right to a priority of application for issue of securities. The Company shall give written notice to the Depository to prepare the appropriate Record of Depositors in relation with the said closure of books and register.

Book closure date

47. A Record of Depositors requested by the Company as at any specified date and/or for any specified purpose when made available to the Company may be treated as the final Record of Depositors as at the specified date and/or for the specified purpose. If there shall be more than one Record of Depositors made available to the Company as at the specified date and/or for the specified purpose, then the later or the last of the Record of Depositors prepared by the Depository shall be the final Record of Depositors as at the specific date and/or for the specified purpose.

Record of Depositors

48. There shall be paid to the Company in respect of the registration on any probate, letters of administration, certificate of marriage or death, power of attorney or other document relating to or affecting the title of any shares, such fee, not exceeding Ringgit Malaysia Three (RM3.00) or such other sum as may be permitted from time to time by Bursa Securities.

Registration on probate

49. Nothing in this Constitution shall preclude the Directors from recognising a renunciation of the allotment of any share by the allottee in favour of some other person.

Renunciation

50. The Depository may in its absolute discretion, refuse to register any transfer of deposited security that does not comply with the Depositories Act and the Rules of the Depository.

Refusal of Transfer

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

51. Except as require by the law, in the case of death of a member, the survivor or survivors of the deceased and the legal personal representatives of the decease, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased shareholder from any liability in respect of any share which had been held by him.

Death of member

Subject to the provision of the Act, the Depositories Act and the Rules of the Depository, any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member may, upon such evidence being produced as may, from time to time properly be required by the Directors and subject as hereinafter provided, elect either to be registered himself as holder of the share or to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee thereof, but the Directors shall in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as they would have had in case of a transfer of the share by that Member before his death or bankruptcy. Provided always that where the share is a deposited security, subject to the Rules of the Depository, the Act, the Depositories Act and Listing Requirements, a transfer of the shares may be carried out by the person becoming so entitled.

Persons becoming entitled on death or bankruptcy of Member may be registered

Subject to Article 49, if the person so becoming entitled elects to be registered himself, he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects PROVIDED ALWAYS that where the share is a Deposited Security and the person so becoming entitled elects to have the share transferred to him, the aforesaid notice must be served by him on the Depository. If he elects to have another person registered he shall testify his election by executing to that person a transfer of the share or such other instrument as the Depository may require. All the limitation, restrictions and provisions of this Constitution relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfer of shares, the Depositories Act and the Rules of the Depository shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred and the notice of transfer were a transfer signed by that Member.

Notice of election

54. The Directors may at any time give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share and, if the notice is not complied with within 60 days, the Directors may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the share until compliance has been made with the requirements of such notice.

Notice to register himself

55. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member, may subject to the Rules of the Depository and this Constitution hereof, transfer the share to himself or to some person nominated by him as the transferee.

Transmission

TRANSMISSION OF SECURITIES FROM FOREIGN REGISTER

56. Where:

- (a) the securities of a company are listed on another Stock Exchange; and
- (b) such company is exempted from compliance with Section 14 of the Depositories Act or Section 29 of the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) (Amendment) Act 1998, as the case may be, under the Rules of the Depository in respect of such securities, such company shall, upon request of a securities holder, permit a transmission of securities held by such securities holder from the register of holders maintained by the registrar of the Company in the jurisdiction of the other stock exchange, to the register of holders maintained by the registrar of the Company in Malaysia and vice versa provided that there shall be no change in the ownership of such securities.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

57. If any Member fails to pay the whole or any part of any call or instalment of a call on or before the day appointed for the payment thereof, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment or any part thereof remains unpaid, serve a notice on him or on the person entitled to the share by transmission requiring him to pay such call or instalment or such part thereof as remains unpaid together with interest at such rate not exceeding 8% per annum as the Directors shall determine, and any expenses that may have accrued by reason of such non-payment.

Notice requiring payment

58. The notice shall name a further day (not earlier than the expiration of 14 days from the date of the notice) on or before which such call or instalment, or such part as aforesaid, and all interest and expenses that accrued by reason of such non-payment, are to be paid. It shall also name the place where payment is to be made, and shall state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which such call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

Particular of notice

59. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which such notice has given may at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect. A forfeiture of shares shall include all dividends in respect of the shares not actually paid before the forfeiture notwithstanding that they shall have been declared.

Forfeiture

60. When any share has been forfeited in accordance with this Constitution, notice of the forfeiture shall forthwith be given to the holder of the share or to the person entitled to the shares by transmission, as the case may be, and an entry of such notice having been given, and of the forfeiture with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the Register opposite to the share.

Notice of Forfeiture

61. Notwithstanding any such forfeiture as aforesaid, the Directors may, at any time before the forfeited share has been otherwise disposed off, annul the forfeiture upon the terms of payment of all calls and interest due thereon and all expenses incurred in respect of share and upon such further terms (if any) as they shall see it.

Annul the forfeiture

62. Every share which shall be forfeited shall thereupon become the property of the Company and may be either cancelled or sold or reallotted or otherwise disposed off, either to the person who was before such forfeiture the holder thereof or entitled thereto or to any person upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors deem fit.

Forfeited share become property of Company

63. If any share is forfeited and sold, any residue after the satisfaction of the unpaid calls and accrued interest and expenses, shall be paid to the person whose shares have been forfeited, or his executors, administrators or assignees or as he directs.

Residue of proceeds

64. Subject to the Act, a shareholder whose shares have been forfeited shall notwithstanding, be liable to pay to the Company all calls made and not paid on such shares at the time of forfeiture, and interest thereon to the date of payment, in the same manner in all respects as if the shares had not been forfeited, and to satisfy all (if any) the claims and demands which the Company may have enforced in respect of the shares at the time of forfeiture, without any deduction or allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture.

Liability of member in respect of forfeited shares

65. The forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction at the time of forfeiture of all interest in and all claims and demands against the Company in respect of the share, and all other rights and liabilities incidental to the share as between the shareholder whose share is forfeited and the Company, except only such of those rights and liabilities as are by this Constitution expressly saved, or as are the Act given or imposed in the case of past Members.

Extinction of forfeiture

66. A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or Secretary of the Company, and that a share has been duly forfeited in pursuance of this Constitution, and stating the date upon which it was forfeited, shall, as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share adversely to the forfeiture thereof, be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated, and such declaration, together with the receipt of the Company for the consideration (if any), given for the share on the sale or disposition thereof, and a certificate of proprietorship of the share under the seal delivered to the person to whom the same is sold or disposed off, shall constitute a good title to the share, and such person shall be registered as holder of the share and shall be discharged from all calls made prior to such sale or disposition, and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money (if any), nor shall his title to the share be affected by any act, omission or irregularity relating to or connected with the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale, re-allotment or disposal of the share.

Evidence of forfeiture

CONVERSION OF SHARES INTO STOCK

67. (1) The Company may by ordinary resolution passed at a general meeting convert any paid shares into stock and reconvert any stock into paid up shares of any denomination.

Conversion of shares and vice versa

(2) The holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner and subject to the same regulations as and subject to which the shares from which the stock arose might previously to conversion have been transferred or as near thereto as circumstances admit; but the Directors may from time to time fix the minimum amount of stock transferable and restrict or forbid the transfer of fractions of that minimum, but the minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.

Transfer of stock

(3) The holders of stock shall according to the amount of the stock held by them have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends voting at meetings of the Company and other matters as if they held the shares from which the stock arose, but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the Company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by any on amount of the stock which would not if existing in share have conferred that privilege or advantage.

Rights of

(4) Such regulations of the Company as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock and the words "share" and "shareholder" therein shall include "stock" and "stockholder".

CAPITAL

68. Subject to the conditions restrictions and limitations expressed in this Constitution and to any special rights attached to any Shares for the time being issued, the Directors may with the approval of the Company in general meeting, allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of the unissued share capital of the Company to such persons, at such time and on such terms as they deem proper PROVIDED ALWAYS THAT:

Power to increase share capital

- (a) no Shares shall be issued which shall have the effect of transferring a controlling interest in the Company without the prior approval of the Members of the Company in general meeting;
- (b) in the case of shares other than Shares, no rights shall be attached until the same have been expressed in this Constitution; and
- (c) no Director shall participate in any issue of shares or options to employees unless the Members of the Company in general meeting have approved of the specific allotment to be made to such Director.

69. Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any Share or class of shares already issued but subject to the Act and this Constitution, any shares in the Company (whether forming part of the original share capital or not) may be issued or have attached thereto such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, return of capital, voting or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by special resolution determine PROVIDED THAT:

Issuance of shares

(1) the total value of issued preference shares shall not exceed the total share capital of the Company at any time;

- (2) the holders of preference shares shall be entitled to the same rights as the holders of Shares in relation to receiving notices, reports and audited financial statements and attending general meetings of the Company BUT shall only have the right to vote at any meeting convened:
 - (a) where any resolution or proposal is to be submitted to the meeting:
 - for the purpose of reducing the share capital of the Company, disposing of the whole of the property, business and undertaking of the Company or winding up the Company; or
 - ii) which affects rights attached to the preference shares;
 - (b) when the dividend or part of the dividend on the preference shares is in arrears for more than six (6) months; or
 - (c) during the winding up of the Company;
- (3) the Company may issue further preference shares ranking equally with preference shares already issued but shall not issue further preference shares ranking in priority to the preference shares already issued unless Article 79 is complied with; and
- (4) the rights attaching to shares of a class other than the Shares shall be expressed in a resolution creating the same and in this Constitution.
- 70. Subject to the Act, any preference shares may be issued on the terms that they are, or at the option of the Company are, liable to be redeemed.

Issuance of preference share

ALTERATION, REDUCTION AND INCREASE OF CAPITAL

71. The Company may from time to time by special resolution:

Power to alter capital

- (a) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital; or
- (b) sub-divide its Shares or any of the shares, whatever is in the subdivision,

the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on each subdivided share shall be the same as it was in the case of the share from which the subdivided share is derived the proportion between the amount paid and the amount.

72. The Company may from time to time by special resolution reduce its share capital in any manner authorised by the Act and subject to any consent required by law.

Reduction of capital

73. The Company may from time to time by ordinary resolution passed at a general meeting of the Company whether all the Shares for the time being authorised shall have been issued or all the Shares for the time being issued shall have been fully called up or not, increase its share capital by the creation and issue of new Shares, such aggregate increase to be of such amount and to be divided into shares of such respective amounts and (subject to any special rights for the time being attached to any existing class of shares) to carry such preferential, deferred or other special rights (if any) or to be subject to such conditions or restrictions in regard to dividend, return of capital, voting or otherwise as the Company in general meeting directs.

Increase of share capital

74. Notwithstanding Article 8, the Directors shall not be required to offer any new ordinary shares for the time being unissued and not allotted and any new shares or other convertible securities from time to time to be created to the holders of the existing shares where the said shares are to be issued as consideration or part consideration for the acquisition of shares or assets by the Company.

Offer of new shares or securities

75. In relation to Article 74, the Directors may likewise also dispose off any new shares or securities which (by reason of the ratio which the new shares or securities bear to shares or securities held by persons entitled to an offer of new shares or securities or by reason of any similar difficulty in apportioning the same) cannot, in the opinion of the Directors be conveniently offered in the manner provided under this Constitution.

Disposal of new shares or securities

76. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered as part of the original ordinary share capital of the Company and shall be subject to the same provisions with reference to the payment of calls, lien, transfer, transmission, forfeiture and otherwise as if it had been part of such share capital.

New capital considered as part of original capital

77. All new issue of prescribed securities shall be made by way of crediting the Securities Account of the allottees with such securities save and except where it is specifically exempted from compliance with Section 38 of the Depositories Act. The Company shall notify the Depository of the names of the allottees together with all such particulars as may be required by the Depository to enable the Depository to make the appropriate entries in the Securities Accounts of such allottees.

Crediting of new securities

78. The Company shall duly observe and comply with the provisions of the Act, the Depositories Act, the Rules of the Depository and the Listing Requirements from time to time prescribed by Bursa Securities applicable to any allotment of prescribed securities.

Compliance with laws

MODIFICATION ON RIGHTS

79. If at any time the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of shares of that class) may, whether or not the Company is being wound up, be varied, modified, abrogated or dealt with, with the consent in writing of the holders of at least 75% of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of the shares of that class. To every such separate general meeting, the provisions of this Constitution relating to general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be Members or any Member holding or representing by proxy or by attorney one-tenth (1/10) of the capital paid or credited as paid on the issued shares of that class and that any holder of shares of that class present in person or by proxy or by attorney may demand a poll. To every such special resolution the provisions of Section 292 of the Act shall, with such adaptations as are necessary, apply PROVIDED ALWAYS THAT where the necessary majority for such a special resolution is not obtained at the meeting, consent in writing if obtained from holders of at least 75% of shares of the class concerned within two (2) months of the general meeting shall be as valid and effectual as a special resolution carried at the general meeting.

Modification of rights attached to any class of shares

80. The repayment of preference share capital other than redeemable preference capital or any other alteration of preference shareholders' rights, may only be made pursuant to a special resolution of the preference shareholders concerned PROVIDED ALWAYS THAT where the necessary majority for such a special resolution is not obtained at the meeting, consent in writing if obtained from the holders of at least 75% of the preference capital concerned within two (2) months of the meeting shall be as valid and effectual as a special resolution carried at the meeting.

Repayment of preference share capital

GENERAL MEETINGS

81. An annual general meeting of the Company shall be held in accordance with the provisions of the Act. All general meetings shall be held at such time, date and place as the Directors shall determine. Every notice of an annual general meeting shall specify the meeting as such and every meeting convened for passing a special resolution shall state the intention to propose such resolution as a special resolution.

General meeting

82. Such meeting of its Members may be held at more than one (1) venue using any technology or method that allows all Members of the Company to participate and to exercise the Members' rights to speak and vote at the meeting and using any available technology to provide notice, conduct and record or facilitate voting at that meeting or any adjournment of that meeting of Members subject to rules, regulations and law prevailing. The main venue of the meeting shall be in Malaysia and the Chairman shall be present at the main venue of the meeting.

Venue of general meeting

83. Subject to the Act, Listing Requirements, laws, rules or regulations, notice of a meeting of Members shall be in writing and shall be given to the Members either:

Notice of general meeting

- (a) in a hard copy;
- (b) in electronic form; or
- (c) partly in hard copy and partly in electronic form.
- 84. The contact details of the Members as provided to the Depository shall be deemed as the last known address provided by the Members to the Company for purposes of communication with the Members.

Contact details of members

85. Where any Member requests for a hard copy of the notice which is required the Company shall forward a hard copy of the notice to the Member as soon as reasonably practicable after the receipt of the request, free of charge.

Request for hard copy of notice

86. Every general meeting of the Company other than an "Annual General Meeting" shall be called an "Extraordinary General Meeting".

Type of general meeting

87. The Directors may whenever they deem fit convene an Extraordinary General Meeting and an Extraordinary General Meeting shall also be convened on any requisition made in accordance with the provisions of the Act (or if the Company makes default in convening a meeting in compliance with a requisition made in accordance with the Act, a meeting may be convened by such requisitionists in the manner provided in the Act). Any meeting convened by the requisitionists shall be convened in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings are to be convened by the Directors.

Power to convene Extraordinary General Meeting 88. (1) Subject to the provisions of the Act relating to the convening of meetings to pass special resolutions, special notice and acts for shorter notice, the notices convening meetings shall specify the place, date and time of the meeting and the general nature of the business of the meeting, and shall be given to all Members (other than those who under the provisions of this Constitution or the terms of issue of the shares held by them are not entitled to receive notices of general meetings of the Company) at least fourteen (14) days before the meeting or at least twenty one (21) days before the meeting where any special resolution is to be proposed or where it is an Annual General Meeting.

Notices convening meetings

The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given. Any notice of a meeting called to consider special business shall also specify the general nature of that business and shall be accompanied by a statement regarding the effect of any proposed resolution in respect of such special business.

At least fourteen (14) days' notice or twenty one (21) days' notice in the case where any special resolution is proposed or where it is an Annual General Meeting of every such meeting shall be given by advertisement in at least one (1) nationally circulated Bahasa Malaysia or English daily newspaper and in writing to Bursa Securities and any other stock exchange upon which the Company is listed (if applicable).

Request for Record of Depositors

(2) The Company shall request the Depository in accordance with the Rules of the Depository, to issue a Record of Depositors to whom notices of general meetings or adjourned general meetings shall be given by the Company.

General Meeting Record of Depositors

(3) The Company shall also request the Depository in accordance with the Rules of the Depository, to issue a Record of Depositors, as at the latest date which is reasonably practicable which shall in any event be not less than three (3) Market Days (or such other period specified by the Act, the Depositories Act, the Rules of the Depository and/or the Depository) before the general meeting or adjourned general meeting (hereinafter referred to as the "General Meeting Record of Depositors").

Member entitled to attend general meeting

(4) Subject to the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) (Foreign Ownership) Regulations 1996 (where applicable), a Depositor shall not be regarded as a Member entitled to attend any general meeting or adjourned general meeting and to speak and vote thereat unless his name appears in the General Meeting Record of Depositors.

Business at general meeting

- 89. No business shall be transacted at an Extraordinary General Meeting except business of which notice has been given in the notice convening the meeting and no business shall be transacted at an Annual General Meeting other than business of which notice has been given as aforesaid, with the exception of the following routine business:
 - (a) the receipt of the audited financial statements and the report of the Directors and auditors and other accounts and documents required to be annexed to the financial statements;
 - (b) declaring dividends,
 - (c) the election or appointment of Directors in place of those retiring by rotation or otherwise;

- (d) fixing the fees and benefits of Directors PROVIDED ALWAYS THAT fees payable to Directors shall not be increased except pursuant to a resolution passed at a general meeting, where notice of the proposed increase has been given in the notice convening the meeting; and
- (e) the appointment and fixing of the remuneration of the auditors.
- 90. A meeting shall, notwithstanding that it is called by notice shorter than is required by Article 88, be deemed to be duly called if it is so agreed:

Meeting called by shorter notice

- (a) in the case of a meeting called as the Annual General Meeting, by all the Members entitled to attend and vote thereat; or
- (b) in the case of any other meeting, by a majority in number of the Members having a right to attend and vote thereat, being a majority which together holds not less than 95% in the number of shares giving a right to attend and vote at the meeting, excluding any shares in the Company held as treasury shares
- 91. Where by the Act special notice is required of a resolution, the resolution shall not be effective unless notice of the intention to move it has been given to the Company not less than 28 days before the meeting at which it is moved, and the Company shall give its Members notice of any such resolution at the same time and in the same manner as it gives notice of the meeting (or if that is not practicable, shall give them notice thereof in any manner allowed by this Constitution) not less than 14 days before the meeting or 21 days in the case of annual general meeting or any special resolution to be proposed, and where this is not practicable, the Company shall give its Members notice of any such meeting at least 14 days or 21 days as the case may be before the meeting by advertising it in one widely circulated newspaper in Malaysia in the national language or one widely circulated newspaper in Malaysia in the English language. If after notice of the intention to move such a resolution has been given to the Company, a meeting is called for a date 28 days or less after the notice has been given, the notice, although not given to the Company within the time required by this Constitution, shall be deemed to be properly given.

Special notice

92. In every notice calling a meeting of the Company, there shall appear with reasonable prominence a statement that a Member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend and vote instead of him, and that a proxy need not also be a Member.

Proxy statement

93. The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive such notice shall not invalidate any resolution passed or proceedings held at any such meetings.

Accidental omission

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETING

94. All business shall be deemed special business that is transacted at any Extraordinary General Meeting and also all business that is transacted at an Annual General Meeting with the exception of the routine business referred to in Article 89.

Special business

95. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of Members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business. Two (2) Members personally present shall form a quorum. For the purpose of this Constitution "Member" includes a person attending by proxy or represented by attorney (or in the case of corporations which are Members, present by their representatives appointed pursuant to the provisions of this Constitution and entitled to vote).

Quorum at general meeting

96. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the holding of a general meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of Members, shall be dissolved. In any other case, it shall be adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place (or if that day be a public holiday, then to the next business day following such public holiday) or to such other day, time and place as the Directors may by notice to the Members appoint. If at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for holding the adjourned meeting, any Member

Adjournment

97. The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall preside as Chairman at every general meeting but if at any meeting the Chairman shall not be present within fifteen (15) minutes after the time appointed for holding the same or shall be unwilling to act as Chairman, the Directors present shall choose one Director to act as Chairman of such meeting (or if no Director be present or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, the Members present shall choose any Member present to be Chairman). The election of the Chairman shall be by a show of hands.

present shall be a quorum.

Chairman of general meeting

98. The Chairman may with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall, if so directed by the meeting) adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place as the meeting shall determine. Whenever a meeting is adjourned for thirty (30) days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given in the same manner as in the case of an original meeting. Save as aforesaid, no Member shall be entitled to any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting. No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business which might have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

Chairman's power to adjourn meeting

99. (1) Subject to the Listing Requirements, at any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands of persons present and entitled to vote, unless:

Voting by show of hands

- (a) such resolution is set out in the notice of any general meeting, or in any notice of resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at any general meeting, whereupon such resolution shall be voted by poll; or
- (b) before or upon the declaration of the result of the show of hands a poll is demanded:
 - (i) by the Chairman of the meeting (being a person entitled to vote thereat):
 - (ii) by at least three (3) Members present in person or by proxy being entitled to vote;
 - (iii) by a Member or Members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth (1/10) of the total voting rights of all the Members having the right to vote at the meeting (excluding any voting rights attached to Shares in the Company held as treasury shares); or
 - (iv) by a Member or Members holding shares in the Company conferring a right to vote at the meeting, being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth (1/10) of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right (excluding any voting rights attached to Shares in the Company held as treasury shares).

A proxy shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands on any question at any general meeting.

(2) Unless a poll is so required or demanded (and the demand not withdrawn) a declaration by the Chairman of the meeting that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried (whether unanimously or by a particular majority) or lost, and an entry to such effect in the book containing the minutes of the proceedings of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

Demand for poll

The demand for a poll may be withdrawn.

100. Where a resolution is passed at an adjourned meeting of the Company or of holders of any class of shares, the resolution shall for all purposes be treated as having been passed on the date on which it was in fact passed and not on any earlier date.

Resolution passed at adjourned meeting

101. If a poll be demanded in the manner aforesaid, it shall be taken at such time and place and in such manner as the Chairman shall direct, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

Manner of poll

102. No poll shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman of a meeting or on any question of adjournment.

No poll on election of Chairman

103. In the case of an equality of votes (whether on a show of hands or at a poll) at any general meeting of the Company, the Chairman of the meeting shall be entitled to a second or casting vote except when only two (2) Members form a quorum at a meeting or where only two (2) Members are competent to vote in the question at issue, in which event the Chairman shall not have a second or casting vote and the question arising at the meeting shall be deemed to have been lost or not carried.

Chairman casting vote

104. The demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

Continuance of meeting

105. The instrument appointing a proxy to vote at a meeting shall be deemed also to confer authority to demand, or join in demanding, a poll and, for the purposes of Article 109, a demand by a person as proxy for a Member shall be the same as a demand by the Member.

Instrument appointing proxy

106. If any votes shall have been counted which ought not to have been counted, or might have been rejected, the error shall not vitiate the result of the voting unless it be pointed out at the same meeting or at any adjournment thereof and unless in the opinion of the Chairman of the meeting or any adjournment thereof (as the case may be) it shall be of sufficient importance to vitiate the result of the voting.

Vitiate the result of voting

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VOTES OF MEMBERS

107. (1) Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, on a resolution to be decided on a show of hands, every Member present in person or by proxy or by attorney or by other duly authorised representative and each holder of a preference share who has a right to vote shall have one (1) vote and, in the case of a poll, every Member present in person or by proxy or by attorney or other duly authorised representative shall have one (1) vote for every share held by him. A person entitled to more than one (1) vote need not use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses on a poll in the same way. A proxy shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands on any question at any general meeting.

Number of vote

- (2) Where the capital of the Company consists of shares of different monetary denominations, voting rights shall be prescribed in such a manner that a unit of capital in each class, when reduced to a common denominator, shall carry the same voting power when such right is exercisable.
- 108. If any Member be an infant or a lunatic or of unsound mind, he may vote by his guardian, committee, receiver, curator bonis or other person properly having the management of his estate, and such last mentioned persons may give their votes either personally or by proxy or by attorney or by other duly authorised representative PROVIDED THAT such evidence as the Directors may require of the authority of the person claiming to vote shall have been deposited at the Office not less than forty eight (48) hours before the time appointed for holding of the meeting.

Infant, unsound mind, etc.

The legal personal representative of a deceased Member or other person entitled to any share under this Constitution relating to transmission of shares may vote at any general meeting in respect thereof in the same manner as if he was the registered holder of such shares PROVIDED THAT forty eight (48) hours at least before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting (as the case may be) at which he proposes to vote, he shall satisfy the Directors of his right to any share in consequence of the death, bankruptcy, insolvency or winding up of any Member (unless the Directors shall have previously admitted his right to vote in respect thereof). Where there are several executors, administrators, trustees or liquidators (as the case may be) of a deceased, bankrupt, insolvent or wound up Member, any one of such executors, administrators, trustees or liquidators may vote in respect of such shares unless any other executor, administrator, trustee or liquidator is present at the meeting at which such a vote is tendered and objects to the same.

Deceased member

Any corporation which is a Member may by resolution of its directors or other governing body or by power of attorney authorise such person as it deems fit to act as its representative either at a particular meeting of the Company or at all meetings of the Company or any class of Members, and the person so authorised shall, in accordance with his authority and until his authority is revoked by the corporation, be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it was an individual Member of the Company.

Corporate member

If the corporation authorises more than one (1) person as its representative, every one (1) of the representative is entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation as the corporation could exercise if every one (1) of the representative was an individual member of the company.

If the corporation authorises more than one (1) person and more than one (1) of

the representatives purport to exercise the power on the above:

- (a) where the representatives purport to exercise the power in the same way, the power is treated as exercised in that way; or
- (b) where the representatives do not purport to exercise the power in the same way, the power is treated as not exercised.
- Subject to Article 88 and any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, at meetings of Members or classes of Members, each Member shall be entitled to be present and to vote either personally or by proxy or by attorney (or if the Member is a corporation, by its duly authorised representative) and to be reckoned in a quorum at any general meeting in respect of any share or shares of which he is the registered holder and upon which all calls due to the Company have been paid.

Each member is entitled to vote

In the case of joint holders of a share, the joint holders shall be considered as one (1) shareholder. For this purposes:

Joint holders

- (a) if the joint holders purport to exercise the power in the same way, the power is treated as exercised in that way; or
- (b) if the joint holders do not purport to exercise the power in the same way, the power is treated as not exercised.
- No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection shall be referred to the Chairman of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

Time for objection

The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing (or if such appointor be a corporation, under its common seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney of the corporation duly authorised) and shall be deposited with the power of attorney or other authority (if any) at the Office (or at such other place within Malaysia as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting) not less than forty eight (48) hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in such proxy proposes to vote, and in default, the proxy shall not be treated as valid. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Directors may but shall not be bound to require evidence of the authority of any such attorney or authority.

Instrument appointing proxy

115. (1) A proxy or attorney or a duly authorised representative may but need not be a Member. There shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy.

Qualification of proxy

(2) A Member of the Company who is entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company, or at a meeting of any class of Members of the Company, may appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend and vote instead of the Member at the meeting.

Appointment of multiple proxies

(3) Where a Member of the Company is an authorised nominee as defined in the Depositories Act, which is exempted from compliance with the provisions of subsection 25A(1) of the Depositories Act, it may appoint not more than two (2) proxies in respect of each securities account it holds in Shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said securities account.

Proxy for authorised nominees

(4) Where a Member of the Company is an exempt authorised nominee which holds Shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one (1) securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.

Proxy for exempt authorised nominees

- An exempt authorised nominee refers to an authorised nominee defined under the Depositories Act which is exempted from compliance with the provisions of subsection 25A(1) of the Depositories Act.
- (5) Where a Member or the authorised nominee appoints two (2) proxies, or where an exempt authorised nominee appoints two (2) or more proxies, the proportion of shareholdings to be represented by each proxy must be specified in the instrument appointing the proxies.
- (6) A proxy appointed to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company shall have the same rights as the Member to speak at the meeting.

Right of proxy

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Form of proxy

Any instrument appointing a proxy shall substantially be in the following form with such variations as circumstances may require or the statutes permit or in such other form as the Directors may approve:

SARAWAK CONSOLIDATED INDUSTRIES BERHAD (25583-W)

Number of Shares Held	
CDS Account Number	

FORM OF PROXY

No.) of						
	(NR					
(Name in full)(NRIC No.) or failing him/her, the Chairman of the Meeting as my/our proxy to vote						
for me/us on my/our behalf, at the Annual/Extraordinary General Meeting of						
the Company to be held at						
at a.m./p.m. or at any adjournment thereof.						
My/Our proxy is to vote on the Resolutions in the manner as indicated with an "X" in the appropriate spaces. If no specific direction as to voting is given, the proxy will vote or abstain from voting at his/her discretion.						
No.	RESOLUTIONS		FOR	AGAINST		
1.						
2.						
For appointment of two (2) proxies, percentage of shareholdings to be represented by the proxies:						
	No. of Shares	Percentag	ge (%)			
Proxy 1						
Proxy 2						
Total		100%	⁄o			

Dated this day of 20...

Signature/Common Seal of Shareholder(s)

117. A person entitled to vote on a poll at a meeting shall be deemed to be a person entitled to vote for the purpose of the Act.

Deemed entitled to vote

A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy or attorney or authority shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death, bankruptcy or unsoundness of mind of the principal or revocation of the instrument of proxy or attorney or of the authority under which the instrument of proxy was executed, or the transfer of the share in respect of which the instrument of proxy or attorney is given PROVIDED THAT no intimation in writing of such death, bankruptcy, unsoundness of mind, revocation or transfer shall have been

Validity of vote

received by the Company at the Office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting (or in the case of a poll, before the time appointed for the taking of the poll) at which the instrument is used.

DIRECTORS APPOINTMENT, ETC.

The first Directors of the Company shall be Tan Sri Taib Bin Haji Andak, Richard Harold Hellings, Khor Chin Poey, Mohd Amin Bin Haji Satem, Sufian Saufi and Wan Habib Bin Syed Mahmud.

First Directors

120. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the number of Directors, shall not be less than two (2) or more than eleven (11) or such number shall be determined by a general meeting. All Directors of the Company shall be natural person of full age.

Minimum number of Directors

121. No person who is an undischarged bankrupt or has been convicted within or outside Malaysia:

Undischarged bankrupt

- (a) of any offence in connection with the promotion, formation or management of a corporation;
- (b) of any offence involving fraud or dishonesty punishable on conviction with imprisonment for three (3) months or more; or
- (c) of any offence under the provisions of the Act,

shall be eligible to be appointed as a Director.

meeting at which he retires.

122. (1) An election of Directors shall take place each year. At the first annual general meeting of the Company, all the Directors shall retire from office, and at the annual general meeting in every subsequent-year one third (1/3) of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three (3) or a multiple of three (3), then the number nearest to one-third (1/3), shall retire from office, PROVIDED ALWAYS that all Directors, including the Managing Director(s) shall retire from office once at least in each three (3) years but shall be eligible for re-election. A retiring Director shall retain office until the close of the general

Election of Director

(2) The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election, but as between Directors of equal seniority, the Directors to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree amongst themselves) be determined from among them by lot.

Director to retire every year

No person not being a retiring Director shall be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting unless a Member intending to propose him has, at least 11 clear days before the meeting, left at the Office of the Company a notice in writing duly signed by the nominee, giving his consent to the nomination and signifying his candidature for the Office, or the intention of such Member to propose him, PROVIDED THAT in the case of a person recommended by the Directors for election, nine (9) clear days' notice only shall be necessary, and notice of each and every candidature for election to the Board shall be served on the registered holders of shares at least seven (7) days prior to the meeting at which the election is to take place.

Notice of candidate for election as Director The Company at the meeting at which a Director so retires may fill the vacated office by electing a person thereto, and in default the retiring Director shall if offering himself for re-election and not being disqualified under the Act from holding office as a Director, be deemed to have been re-elected, unless at that meeting:

Retiring Director deemed to be re-elected

- (a) it is expressly resolved not to fill up such vacated office or a resolution for the re-election of such Director is put to the meeting and lost;
- (b) some other person is elected as Director in place of the retiring Director; or
- (c) such Director is disqualified under the Act from holding office as a Director or has given notice in writing to the Company that he is unwilling to be re-elected.
- 125. At any general meeting at which more than one (1) Director is to be elected, each candidate shall be the subject of a separate motion and vote unless a motion for the appointment of two (2) or more persons as Directors by a single resolution shall have first been agreed to by the meeting without any vote being given against it.

Motion for appointment of Director

126. The Company may from time to time by ordinary resolution passed at a general meeting increase or reduce the numbers of Directors, and may also alter their qualification.

Increase or reduce number of Director

The Directors shall at any time, and from time to time, appoint any person to be a Director, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting and shall then be eligible for re-election but shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are retire by rotation at that meeting.

Casual vacancy

The Company may by ordinary resolution of which special notice has been given remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding any provisions of this Constitution or of any agreement between the Company and such Director but without prejudice to any claim he may have for damages payable to him in respect of the termination of his appointment as Director or of any other appointment terminating with that as Director. The Company may by ordinary resolution appoint another person in his stead. The person so appointed shall hold office so long as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed. In default of such appointment, the vacancy so arising may be filled by the Directors as a casual vacancy.

Removal of Director

The fees and benefits payable to the Directors shall be subject to annual shareholder approval at general meeting. Such fees shall not be increased except pursuant to a resolution passed at a general meeting, where notice of the proposed increase shall have been given in the notice convening the meeting. Such fees shall be divided among the Directors in such proportions and manner as they may agree (or failing agreement, equally). Such fees shall, so far as a Director who is not an Executive Director is concerned, be by way of a fixed sum and not by way of a commission on or percentage of profits or turnover, subject always however to the other provisions of this Constitution. Salaries and other remuneration payable to Executive Directors pursuant to a contract of service need not be determined by the Company in general meeting but may not include a commission on or a percentage of turnover.

Directors' fees

130. (1) The Directors shall be entitled to be repaid all travelling or such other reasonable expenses as may be incurred in attending and returning from meetings of the Directors or of any committee of the Directors or general meetings or otherwise howsoever in or about the business of the Company in the course of the performance of their duties as Directors.

Reimbursement of expenses

(2) Any Director who is appointed as an Executive Director or to any executive office or serves on any committee or who otherwise performs or renders services, which in the opinion of the majority of the Directors are outside his ordinary duties as a Director, may be paid such extra remuneration as the Directors may determine PROVIDED THAT such remuneration shall not include a commission on or percentage of turnover and such remuneration need not be determined by the Company in general meeting.

Extra remuneration for Executive Director

(3) In this Constitution, the expression "Executive Director" shall mean and include a Managing Director who has been or is engaged substantially whole time in the business of the Company or of any related company or partly in one and partly in another. The expression "related company" in this Constitution shall include any company which is deemed to be related to the Company pursuant to the Act or which in the opinion of the majority of the Directors can properly be otherwise regarded as being connected with the Company or its related company.

Power to establish any schemes for benefits of staff

The Directors shall have power and shall be deemed always to have had power to establish and maintain and to concur with related companies in establishing and maintaining any schemes or funds for providing pensions, sickness or compassionate allowance, life assurances or other benefits for staff (including any Director for the time being holding any executive office or any office of profit in the Company) or employees of the Company or any such related company and for the widows or other dependants of such persons and to make contributions out of the Company's moneys for any such schemes or funds.

Exercise power for proper purpose and in good faith

In compliance with Sections 213 and 218 of the Act, a Director shall at all times exercise his powers for a proper purpose and in good faith in the best interest of the Company, exercise reasonable care, skill and diligence in the discharge of the duties of his office and shall not make use of any information acquired by virtue of his position to gain directly or indirectly an improper advantage for himself or for any other person or to cause detriment to the Company.

Notice for Director

133. Every Director shall give notice to the Company of such events and matters relating to himself as may be necessary or expedient to enable the Company and its officers to comply with the requirements of the Act or other applicable laws.

Disclosure of interest

134. Every Director shall comply with the provisions of Sections 219, 221 and 222 of the Act in connection with the disclosure of his shareholding and interest in any contract or proposed contract with the Company and, in connection with the disclosure, of the fact and the nature, character and extent of any office or possession of any property whereby (whether directly or indirectly) duties or interests might be created in conflict with his duty or interest as a Director of the Company.

Register of Directors

135. The Company shall keep a register showing with respect to Directors of the Company the information and particulars required under Section 59 of the Act.

Disqualified by

(1) No Director shall be disqualified by his office from holding any office or place of profit under the Company or under any company in which the Company shall be a shareholder or otherwise interested, or from acting in a professional capacity for the Company in conjunction with his office of Director for such period and on such terms (as to remuneration and otherwise) as the Directors may determine. No Director or intending Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company either as vendor, purchaser, or otherwise, nor shall any such contract, or any contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company in which any Director shall be in any way interested, be avoided, nor shall any Director be liable to account to the Company for any profit arising from any such office or place of profit or realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason only of such Director holding that office or of the fiduciary relations thereby established, but every Director shall observe the provisions of Sections 221 and 222 of the Act relating to the disclosure of interests of Directors in contracts or proposed contracts with the Company or of any office or property held by a Director, which might create duties or interest in conflict with his duties as a Director.

136.

Restriction on voting

(2) A Director shall not vote in respect of any contract or proposed contract or arrangement in which he has, directly or indirectly, an interest (and if he votes, his vote shall not be counted) PROVIDED ALWAYS that, subject to the provisions of the Act and the Listing Requirements, the prohibition on voting may be suspended or relaxed to the extent permitted by Bursa Securities and any other relevant authorities.

137. There shall be no shareholding qualification for Directors unless and until otherwise determined by the Company in general meeting.

Share qualification

Subject as otherwise provided and to the terms of any subsisting agreement, the office of a Director shall become vacant if the Director:

Vacation of

- (a) ceases to be a Director by virtue of the Act or is deceased;
- (b) becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally during his term of office;
- (c) have been absent from more than 50% of the total meetings of the Directors held from the date of his election or appointment to the end of any financial year of the Company (whether or not an alternate Director appointed by him attended) unless otherwise exempted by Bursa Securities on application by the Company;
- (d) becomes prohibited from being a Director by reason of any order made under the Act or any contravention of Section 198 of the Act;
- (e) becomes of unsound mind or a person whose person or estate is liable to be dealt with in any way under the law relating to mental disorder during his term of office;
- (f) resigns his office by notice in writing to the Company and deposited at the Office of the Company;
- (g) is removed from his office of Director by resolution of the Company in general meeting of which special notice has been given;

- (h) has retired in accordance with the Act or the Constitution of the Company but is not re-elected; or
- (i) otherwise vacate his office in accordance with the Act or the Constitution of the Company.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

The business and affairs of the Company shall be managed by the Directors who may exercise all such powers of the Company and do on behalf of the Company all such acts as are within the scope of the Constitution of the Company and as are not by the Act or by this Constitution required to be exercised or done by the Company in general meeting, subject nevertheless to this Constitution, to the provisions of the Act, and to such resolutions, being not inconsistent with this Constitution, as may be prescribed by the Company in general meeting, but no resolution made by the Company in general meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if such resolution had not been made.

General power of Directors

140. The Directors may establish or engage any local boards or agencies or third parties for managing any affairs of the Company either in Malaysia or elsewhere, and may appoint any persons to be members of such local boards, or any managers or agents, and may fix their remuneration, and may delegate to any local board, manager or agent any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Directors, with power to subdelegate, and may authorise the Members of any local board or any of them to fill any vacancies therein and to act notwithstanding vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be made upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may deem fit and the Directors may remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation (but no person, acting in good faith and without notice of any such annulment or variation shall be affected thereby). The meetings and proceedings of any such local board or agency shall be governed by the provisions of this Constitution regulating the meetings and proceedings of Directors so far as the same are applicable and are not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors.

Power to engage others to manage affairs of the Company

Subject to applicable laws, the Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company whatsoever to borrow money, raise funds, accept credit facilities and to mortgage or charge its undertakings or property (both present and future) and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures and other securities and whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party PROVIDED ALWAYS that nothing contained in this Constitution shall authorise the Directors to borrow any money or mortgage or charge any of the Company's or its subsidiaries' undertaking, property or any uncalled capital or to issue debentures and other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of an unrelated third party.

Power to borrow money

The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company in relation to any official seal for use outside Malaysia and in relation to branch register.

Use of official seal

The Directors may from time to time by power of attorney appoint any corporation, firm, or person or body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities, and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under this Constitution) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they think fit, and any such

Appointment of attorney

powers of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of person dealing with any such attorney as the Directors may think fit and may also authorise any such attorney to delegate all or any of the powers, authorities, and discretions vested in him.

The Company, or the Directors on behalf of the Company, in exercise of the powers in that behalf conferred by the Act shall cause to be kept a Branch Register or Registers and the Directors may (subject to the provisions of the Act) make and vary such regulations as they may deem fit in respect of the keeping of any such Register.

Branch Register

All cheques, promissory notes, draft bills of exchange, and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for money paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise execute, as the case may be, by any two (2) Directors or in such other manner as the Directors from time to time by resolution determine.

Signing of cheque

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

146. The Directors may meet together for the despatch of business adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings and proceedings as they think fit. A Director may at any time and the secretary shall on the requisition of a Director summons a meeting of the Directors.

Meeting of Directors

Unless otherwise determined by the Directors from time to time, notice of all Directors' meetings shall be given and circulated to all Directors and their alternates by facsimile transmission, electronic mail or other communication modes/equipment. Except in the case of an emergency, reasonable notice of every Directors' meeting shall be given in writing. The majority of the Board may waive notice of any meeting and any such waiver may be retroactive.

Notice of meeting

The quorum necessary for the transaction of business of the Directors may be fixed by the Directors and unless so fixed shall be two (2). A meeting of the Director for the time being at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the powers, authorities and discretion by or under this Constitution vested in or exercisable by the Directors generally.

Quorum of meeting

149. Directors may participate in a meeting of Directors by means of telephone conference, video conference or any similar or other communications by electronic means which allows all Directors participating in the meeting to hear each other.

Meeting by electronic means

A Director in communication by electronic means with the Chairman and with all other Directors or of a committee of Directors shall be regarded for all purposes as personally attending such a meeting and shall be counted in a quorum and be entitled to vote but only for so long he has the ability to communicate interactively and simultaneously with all other Directors attending the meeting including all Directors attending by electronic means.

Attendance by electronic means

A meeting at which one (1) or more of the Directors attends by electronic means is deemed to be held at such place as the Directors shall at the said meeting resolve. In the absence of a resolution as aforesaid, the meeting shall be deemed to be held at the place, if any, where a majority of the Directors attending the meeting are physically present, or in default of such a majority, the place at which the Chairman of the meeting is physically present.

Venue of meeting

Subject to the Act, all business transacted in the manner provided above by electronic means shall for the purpose of this Constitution be deemed to be validly and effectively transacted at a meeting of the Board PROVIDED that at least one (1) of the Directors present at the meeting was at such place as resolved or deemed (as the case may be) pursuant to Article 151 for the duration of the meeting. All information and documents for the meetings must be made equally available to all Directors prior to or at/during the meeting.

Business transacted by electronic means

Subject to this Constitution, questions arising at any meeting of Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes and a determination by a majority of Directors shall for all purposes be deemed a determination of the Directors. In case of an equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote except where two (2) Directors form a quorum, the Chairman of the meeting at which only such a quorum is present, or at which only two (2) Directors are competent to vote on the question at issue, shall not have a casting vote.

Votes by majority and Chairman to have casting

A Director notwithstanding his interest may be counted in the quorum present at any meeting where he or any other Director is appointed to hold any office or place of profit under the Company, or where the Directors resolve to exercise any of the rights of the Company (whether by the exercise of voting rights or otherwise) to appoint or concur in the appointment of a Director to hold any office or place of profit under any other company, or where the terms of any such appointment as hereinafter mentioned are considered, or where any decision is taken upon any contract or arrangement in which he is in any way interested PROVIDED ALWAYS that he has complied with Sections 221 and 222 and all other relevant provisions of the Act and of this Constitution.

Interested in

The remaining Director may continue to act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but if and so long as their number is reduced below the minimum number fixed by or pursuant to this Constitution of the Company, the remaining Directors may, except in an emergency, act only for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to such minimum number or of summoning a general meeting of the Company, but not for any other purpose. If there is no Director or Directors able or willing to act, any two (2) members may summon a general meeting for the purpose of appointing Directors.

Remaining Director to act notwithstanding vacancy

The Directors may elect a Chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office. The Chairman shall preside at all meetings of Directors. If a Chairman is not elected, or if at any meeting the Chairman is not present within 15 minutes of the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be the Chairman of such meeting. Any Director acting as the Chairman of a meeting of the Directors shall have the Chairman's right to a second or casting vote whenever there is an equality of votes subject however to any permitted exceptions provided in the Act.

Chairman of Meeting

A Director may contract with and be interested in any contract or proposed contract with the Company and shall not be liable to account for any profit made by him by reason of any such contract; PROVIDED ALWAYS THAT the nature of the interest of the Director in any such contract be declared at a meeting of the Directors as required by the Act.

Interested in contract or proposed contract

158. A Director shall not participate in any discussion or vote in regard to any contract or proposed contract or arrangement in which he has, directly or indirectly, an interest and if he shall do so his vote shall not be counted.

Abstain from discussion

A Director notwithstanding his interest may, PROVIDED THAT none of the other Directors present disagree, be counted in the quorum present at any meeting whereat any decision is taken upon any contract or proposed contract or arrangement in which he is in any way interested PROVIDED ALWAYS THAT he has complied with all the relevant provisions of the Act and this Constitution on the disclosure of his interests.

Counted in the quorum

160. A Director may vote in respect of:

Power to vote

- (a) any arrangement for giving the Director himself or any other Directors any security or indemnity in respect of money lent by him to or obligations taken by him for the benefit of the Company; and
- (b) any arrangement for the giving by the Company of any security to a third party in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company for which the Director himself or any other Director has assumed responsibility in whole or in part, under a guarantee or indemnity or by the deposit of a security.
- 161. A Director of the Company may be or become a Director or other officer of or otherwise interested in any corporation promoted by the Company or in which the Company may be interested as shareholder or otherwise or any corporation which is directly or indirectly interested in the Company as shareholder or otherwise and no such Director shall be accountable to the Company for any remuneration or other benefit received by him as a Director or officer of, or from his interest in, such corporation unless the Company otherwise directs at the time of his appointment. The Directors may exercise the voting power conferred by the shares or other interest in any such other corporation held or owned by the Company, or exercisable by them as directors of such other corporation, in such manner and in all respects as they think fit (including the exercise thereof in favour of any resolution appointing themselves or any of the Directors or other officers of such corporation), and any Director may vote in favour of the exercise of such voting rights in manner aforesaid, notwithstanding that he may be or is about to be appointed a Director or other officer of such corporation and as such is or may become interested in the exercise of such voting rights in the manner aforesaid.

Director may become director of other corporation

The Directors may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as they think fit. Any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Directors.

Delegate of powers

163. A committee may elect a chairman of its meetings. If no such chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the chairman is not present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, or is unwilling to act the members present may choose one (1) of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

Committee Chairman

A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper. Questions arising at any meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes of the member present, and in the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

Committee meeting

All acts done by any meeting of the Directors, or of a committee of Directors, or by any person acting as a Director, local board or agency, shall as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company (notwithstanding that it shall afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such Director or person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were

Act valid through defect

disqualified to be a Director or had vacated office or were not entitled to vote) be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and qualified to be a Director or member of such committee, local board or agency and had been entitled to vote.

166. (1) A resolution in writing signed by a majority of the Directors for the time being present in Malaysia or their alternates who are entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Directors or of a committee of Directors, shall be valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors or a committee of Directors (as the case may be) duly convened and held. All such resolutions shall be described as "Directors' Resolution In Writing" and shall be forwarded or otherwise delivered to the Secretary without delay, and shall be recorded by him in the Company's minute book.

Director Resolution in Writing

(2) Any such resolution may consist of several documents or counterparts in like form, each signed by one (1) or more Director or their alternates. A signed resolution in writing transmitted by facsimile or any other electronic means shall be deemed to be an original.

ALTERNATE DIRECTOR

A Director may from time to time nominate any person to act as his Alternate Director and at his discretion remove such Alternate Director PROVIDED THAT:

Appointment of Alternate Director

- (a) such person is not a Director of the Company;
- (b) such person does not act as an alternate for more than one (1) Director of the Company;
- (c) the appointment is approved by a majority of the other Directors; and
- (d) any fee paid by the Company to the Alternate Director shall be deducted from the Director's remuneration.
- An Alternate Director shall (except as regards the power to appoint an Alternate Director and remuneration) be subject in all respects to the terms and conditions existing with reference to the other Directors, and shall be entitled to receive notices of all meetings of the Directors and to attend, speak and vote at any such meeting at which his appointor is not present.

Entitled to receive notice of meeting

A Director may at any time by writing revoke the appointment of any Alternate Director appointed by him, and appoint another person approved as aforesaid. An Alternate Director shall ipso factor vacate office if the Director appointing him vacates office as Director or removes the Alternate Director from office. Any appointment or removal of an Alternate Director may be made and communicated by his appointor to the Office by electronic transmission or in any other manner approved by the Directors. Any electronic transmission shall be confirmed as soon as possible by letter, but may be acted upon by the Company in the meantime.

Revocation of appointment

170. If a Director making any such appointment as aforesaid shall cease to be a Director (otherwise than by reason of vacating his office at a meeting of the Company at which he is re-elected), the person appointed by him shall thereupon cease to have any power or authority to act as an Alternate Director.

Cessation of office

171. An Alternate Director shall not be taken into account in reckoning the minimum or maximum number of Directors allowed for the time being but he shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning whether a quorum is present at any meeting of the Directors attended by him at which he is entitled to vote.

Counted in the quorum

172. Every person acting as an Alternate Director shall be deemed to be an officer of the Company, and shall alone be responsible to the Company for his own acts and defaults, and he shall not be deemed to be an agent of or for the Director appointing himself.

Alternate Director is not an agent of the appointor

MANAGING DIRECTORS

173. The Directors may from time to time appoint one (1) or more of their body to the office of Managing Director for such period and on such terms as they think fit and, subject to the terms of any agreement entered into in any particular case, may revoke any such appointment. A Director so appointed shall be subject to retirement by rotation and be taken into account in determining the rotation of retirement of Directors, but his appointment shall be automatically determined if he ceases from any cause to be a Director.

Appointment of Managing Director

Where a Managing Director is appointed for a fixed term, the term shall not exceed three (3) years. A Managing Director shall be subject to the control of the Board.

Term of office

175. A Managing Director shall, subject to the terms of any agreement entered into in any particular case, receive such remuneration (whether by way of salary, commission, or participation in profits or partly in one way and partly in another) as the Directors may determine.

Remuneration of Managing Director

176. The Directors may entrust to and confer upon a Managing Director any of the powers exercisable by them upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they may think fit, and either collaterally with or to the exclusive of their own powers, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter, or vary all or any of those powers.

Power of Managing Director

SECRETARY

177. The Secretary or Secretaries shall in accordance with the Act be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit, and any secretary or secretaries so appointed may be removed by them.

Appointment of Secretary

178. The office of the Secretary shall be vacated if the Secretary resigns by notice in writing to the Company left at the Office. Where a Secretary gives notice of resignation to the Directors, the Secretary shall cease to act as Secretary with immediate effect or on the date specified in such notice (as the case may be).

Vacation of office

REGISTER OF DIRECTORS, MANAGERS AND SECRETARIES

179. The Directors shall cause to be kept at the Office (or such other place as may be permitted by the Act) a Register of Directors, Managers and Secretaries of the Company as required under the Act.

Register of Directors, Managers and Secretaries

SEAL

180. The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of the seal, which shall only be used by the authority of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors authorised by the Directors in that behalf, and every instrument to which the seal is affixed shall be signed by a Director and shall be countersigned by the Secretary or by a second Director or by some other person appointed by the Director for the purpose, or the Directors may by resolution determine (either generally or in any particular case) that any such signature may be affixed or

Authority for use of seal

reproduced by some facsimile, autographic or other mechanical means to be specified in such resolution PROVIDED THAT the use of such means is by such resolution restricted to a share transfer or certificate or other document of title in respect of any share, stock, debenture or other marketable security created or issued by the Company to be given under the Seal of the Company.

181. The Company may exercise the powers of Section 62 of the Act, and such powers are accordingly hereby vested in the Directors.

Power of Director

182. The Company may also have an official seal pursuant to Section 63 of the Act.

Official seal

MINUTES

183. (1) The Directors shall cause minutes to be duly entered in books provided for the purpose:

Minutes book

- (a) of all appointments of officers;
- (b) of all the names of the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors and of any committee of Director;
- (c) of all resolutions and proceedings of general meetings and of meetings of the Directors and committee of Directors; and
- (d) of all directions and orders made by the Directors and committee of Directors.
- (2) Any such minutes of any meeting of the Directors, or of any committee of Director, or of the Company, if purporting to be signed by the Chairman of such meeting, or by the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting, shall be receivable as prima facie evidence of the matters stated in such minutes without further proof of the facts stated therein.

Minutes of meetings

(3) The books containing the minutes of proceedings of any general meeting shall be kept by the Company at the Office and shall be open to the inspection of any Member without charge.

Minutes kept at

(4) Any member shall be entitled to be furnished within a reasonable period after he has made a request in writing in that behalf to the Company with a copy of any minutes specified in sub-paragraph (3) of this Article at a charge not exceeding Ringgit Malaysia Two (RM2.00) only for every hundred words thereof.

Request for minutes

AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS

Any Director or the Secretary or any person appointed by the Directors for the purpose shall have power to authenticate any documents affecting the constitution of the Company and any resolutions passed by the Company or the Directors, and any books, records, documents and accounts relating to the business of the Company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies or extracts; and where any books, records, documents or audited financial statements are kept elsewhere than at the Office, the local manager or other officer of the Company having the custody thereof shall be deemed to be a person appointed by the Directors as aforesaid.

Power to authenticate documents

(2) A document purporting to be a copy of a resolution of the Directors or any extract from the minutes of a meeting of the Directors which is certified as such in accordance with the provisions of sub-paragraph (1), shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that such extract is a true and accurate record of a duly constituted meeting of the Directors.

Conclusive evidence

ACCOUNTS

The Directors shall cause proper accounting and other records to be kept and shall distribute copies of financial statements and other documents as required by the Act, and shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounting and other records of the Company (or any of them) shall be open to the inspection of Members not being Directors, and no Member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or paper of the Company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the Directors or by the Company in general meeting. Subject always to Section 245(4) of the Act, the books of account or records of operations shall be kept at the Office (or at such other place as the Directors deem fit) and shall at all times be open to inspection by the Directors.

Keeping and inspection of books of

186. (1) The Directors shall from time to time in accordance with Section 248 and 252 of the Act, cause to be prepared and laid before the Company in an Annual General Meeting such financial statements and Directors' report as are required by the Act. The interval between the close of a financial year of the Company and the issue of the annual audited financial statements, the Directors' and auditors' reports shall not exceed four (4) months unless otherwise approved by the relevant authorities. This Constitution shall not require a copy of those documents to be sent to any person whose address the Company is not aware (or to the several persons entitled thereto in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder or otherwise) but any Member to whom a copy of those documents has not been sent shall be entitled on application to receive a copy free of charge at the Office.

Preparation of accounts, etc

(2) The requisite number of copies of each such documents as are referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article shall be forwarded to Bursa Securities upon which the Shares of the Company may be listed at the same time as such documents are sent to the Members.

Submission of accounts to Bursa Securities

(3) The documents referred to in paragraph (1) above may be sent or forwarded to the relevant parties in printed form or in CD-ROM or other electronic form permitted under the Listing Requirements or any combination thereof.

Documents in printed form or electronic form

DIVIDENDS AND RESERVES

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may from time to time declare dividends, but no such dividend shall be payable except out of profits of the Company available if the Company is solvent PROVIDED THAT the Directors may, from time to time pay to the Members such interim dividends as appear to them to be justified by the profits of the Company. No higher dividend shall be paid than is recommended by the Directors.

Declaration of dividends

If at any time the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes, the Directors may pay such interim dividends in respect of those shares in the capital of the Company which confer on the holders thereof deferred or non-preferential rights, as well as in respect of those shares which confer on the holders thereof preferential rights with regard to dividend and PROVIDED THAT the Directors act bona fide, they shall not incur any responsibility to the holder of shares conferring any preferential rights for any damage that they may suffer by reason of the payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferential rights.

Interim dividend

The Directors may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company, such sums as they deem proper as a reserve fund or reserve funds, which shall, at the discretion of the Directors, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may be lawfully applied, or shall, with the sanction of the Company in general meeting be, as to the whole or in part, applicable for equalising dividends, or for distribution by way of bonus among the Members of the Company for the time being on such terms and in such manner as the Company in general meeting shall from time to time determine. Pending such application, the Directors may employ the sums from time to time so set apart as aforesaid in the business of the Company, or invest the same in such securities (other than the shares of the Company) or other investments as they may deem fit. The Directors may also without placing the same to reserve, from time to time carry forward such profits as may be deemed expedient in the interests of the Company.

Director may form reserve funds and invest

190. Subject to the provisions of this Constitution and to rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividend, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but no amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this regulation as paid on the shares. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued shall rank for dividend accordingly.

Payment of dividends

191. (1) The Directors may deduct from any dividend, bonus or any other moneys payable to any Member all sums of money (if any) immediately due and payable by him to the Company on account of calls, interest, expenses or otherwise in relation to the shares of the Company held by him.

Deduction of

(2) The Directors may retain any dividend, bonus or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share (other than fully paid shares) on which the Company has a lien, and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists.

Dividend may be retained on share which the Company has lien

(3) The Directors may retain the dividends, bonus or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share in respect of which any person is under the provisions as to the transmission of shares contained in this Constitution entitled to become a Member, or which any person is under those provisions entitled to transfer, until such person shall become a Member in respect of such shares or shall transfer the same.

Dividend may be retained in respect of transmission of share

Any general meeting declaring a dividend or bonus may direct payment of such dividend or bonus wholly or partly by the distribution of specific assets and in particular of paid-up shares, debentures or debentures stock of any other

Declaring dividend at general meeting company or in any one or more of such ways and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution, and where any difficult arises in regards to such distribution, the Directors may settle the same as they think expedient, and fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the Directors.

193. Unless otherwise directed or permitted by the relevant authorities, any (1) dividend, interest or other money payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by by direct transfer by means of the electronic payment systems upon terms and subject to conditions as the Directors may stipulate or by cheque, draft, warrant, direct deposit into bank account, or post office order sent through the post to the last registered address of the Member or person entitled (or if several persons are entitled thereto in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, to any one of such persons and to such address as such persons may by writing direct). Every cheque, draft, warrant or post office order so sent shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent. The payment of any such cheque, draft, warrant, direct deposit into bank account or post office order shall operate as a good discharge to the Company in respect of the money represented thereby irrespective of any circumstances. No unpaid dividend or unpaid interest shall bear interest as against the Company.

Dividend payable by cheque, warrant, etc

(2) The Company shall not be responsible for the loss of any cheque, draft, warrant, direct deposit or post office order which shall be sent by post duly addressed to the Member or person for whom it is intended. Every such cheque, draft, warrant, direct deposit or post office order shall be sent or made at the risk of the person entitled to the money thereby represented.

Loss of cheque,

194. Subject to the Unclaimed Monies Act 1965, all dividends unclaimed for one (1) year after becoming payable, may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Directors for the benefit of the Company until claimed or paid pursuant to the Unclaimed Monies Act 1965.

Unclaimed money

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS AND RESERVES

195. The Company in general meeting may upon the recommendation of the Directors resolve that it is desirable to capitalize any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts or to the credit of the profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution, and accordingly that such sum be set free for distribution amongst the Members who would have entitled thereto if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions on conditions that the same be not paid in cash but be applied either in or towards paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such Members respectively or paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the Company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid up to and amongst such Members in the proportion aforesaid, or partly in the one way and partly in the other, and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution.

Capitalisation of profits and reserve

Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Directors shall make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares of debentures, if any, and generally shall do all acts and things required to give effect thereto, with full power to the Directors to make such provisions by the

Implementation of resolutions to capitalise profits and reserve issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as they think fit for the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions, and also to authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members entitled thereto into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid up, of any further shares or debentures to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation, or (as the case may require) for the payment up by the Company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of the profits resolved to be capitalised, of the amounts or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares, and any agreement made under authority shall be effective and binding on all such Members.

LANGUAGES

197. Where any audited financial statements, minute books or other records required to be kept by the Act are not kept in the Malay or English language, the Directors shall cause a true translation of such audited financial statements, minute books and other records to be made from time to time at intervals of not more than seven (7) days and shall cause such translations to be kept with the original audited financial statements, minute books and other records for so long as the original accounts, minute books and other records are required by the Act to be kept.

Translation

AUDIT

198. Once at least in every year the financial statements of the Company shall be examined, and the correctness of the profit and loss account and balance sheet ascertained by one or more auditor or auditors. The auditor of the Company shall have a right of access to the accounting and other records of the Company and shall make his report as required by the Act.

Examine of financial statements

199. The Company at each Annual General Meeting shall appoint an auditor or auditors to hold office until the next Annual General Meeting, and their appointment, remuneration, rights and duties shall be regulated in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Appointment of

200. Every financial statements of the Company when audited and tabled at a general meeting shall be conclusive, except as regards any error discovered therein, within three (3) months next after the approval thereof. Whenever any such error is discovered within that period, the financial statements shall forthwith be corrected by the Directors and an entry made in their minute book and thenceforth shall be conclusive.

Conclusive evidence

NOTICES

Any notice or other documents, if served personally or sent by post, shall be deemed to have been served or delivered at the time personally or when the letter containing the same is put in to the post, and in proving such service or sending it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice or documents was properly addressed and put into the post office as a pre-paid letter. Any notice or other documents given in electronic form shall be transmitted to the electronic address provided by the manner for such purpose or by publishing on the website.

Service of notice

Every person who, by operation of law, transfer, transmission or other means whatsoever, becomes entitled to any share, shall be bound by every notice which have been duly served to the person whom he derives the title of such shares, prior to his name and address being entered in the Register or Record of

Depositors as the registered holder of such shares. The contact details (including electronic address) of the Member are as set out in the Record of Depositors shall be deemed the last known address provided by the Member to the Company for purposes of communication with the Members.

Where a notice, or any other documents or information is served, sent or supplied by electronic communication:

Deemed giving of notice, etc

- (a) to the current address of Member, shall be deemed to have been duly given, sent observed at the time of transmission of the electronic communication by the email server or facility operated by the Company or its service provided to the current address of Members (notwithstanding any delayed receipt, non-delivery or "returned mail" reply message or any other error message indicating that the electronic communication was delayed or not successfully sent) unless otherwise provide under the Act and/or any other applicable laws;
- (b) by making it available on a website, it shall deemed to have been duly given, sent or served on the date on which the notice or documents is first made available on the website, or unless otherwise provided under the law.
- 203. A notice, documents or information served, sent or supplied by means of a website is deemed to have been given to or received by the intended recipient when the material was first made available on the website and the Company notifying the Member in the following manner in writing:

Service of notice via website

- (a) The publication of the notice, documents or information on the website; and
- (b) The designated website link or address where a copy of the notice, documents or information may be downloaded.
- A Member shall be implied to have agreed to receive such notice or documents or information by way of such electronic communications. However, Members are given a right to request for a hard copy of such notice, documents or information and the Company shall forward a hard copy of such notice or documents or information to the Member within the prescribed period specified under the Listing Requirements.

Request for hard copy of notice, etc

- 205. The Directors may, at their discretion, at any time give a Member an opportunity to elect within a specified period of time whether to receive such notice, documents or information by way of electronic communications or as a physical copy, and such Member shall be deemed to have consented to receive such notice, documents or information by way of electronic communications if he was given such an opportunity and he failed to make an election within the specified time, and he shall not in such an event have right to receive a physical copy of such notice, documents or information.
- A notice including notice given in electronic form or any other documents, may be given by the Company to the person entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member by sending it through representatives of the deceased or assignee of the bankrupt or by any like description, at the address, if any, within Malaysia supplied for the purpose by the person claiming to be so entitled, or (until such an address has been so supplied) by giving the notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred. Every person who shall become entitled to any

Sending notice to person entitled share by operation of law, transfer, transmission or other means whatsoever, shall be bound by every notice in respect of such share, which prior to his name and address being entered in the Register or Record of Depositors as the registered holder of such shares, shall have been duly given to the person from whom he derives the title to such share.

Notice of every general meeting shall be given in a manner herein before specified to:

Notice of general meeting

- (a) every Director with a registered address in Malaysia or an address for service of notices in Malaysia;
- (b) every Member with a registered address in Malaysia or an address for service of notices in Malaysia;
- (c) every person entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member who, but for his death or bankruptcy, would be entitled to receive notice of the meeting;
- (d) the auditors for the time being of the Company; and
- (e) Bursa Securities on which the Company is listed and any other relevant authorities

Except as aforesaid no other person shall entitled to receive notices of general meetings.

Whenever any notice is required to be given under the provisions of the laws of Malaysia or of this Constitution, waiver or the shortening of the period of such notice may be effectively given by complying with Section 316(4) of the Act.

WINDING UP

If the Company shall be wound up, whether voluntarily or otherwise, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution, divide among the Members, in specie or kind, the whole or any part of the assets of the Company (and whether or not the assets shall consist of property of one kind or shall consist of properties of different kinds) and may for such purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any one or more class or classes of property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the Members or different classes of Members. The liquidator may with the like sanction, vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the Members, or any of them, as the liquidator with the like sanction, shall deem fit. No Member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.

Distribution of assets in specie

209. If the Company shall be wound up:

Sharing of loss and excess

- (a) where the assets available for distribution among the Members as such shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid-up capital, such assets shall be distributed so that, as nearly as may be, the losses shall be borne by the Members in proportion to the capital paid-up, or which ought to have been paid-up, at the commencement of the winding up, on the shares held by them respectively; or
- (b) where the assets available for distribution among the Members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the capital paid-up at the commencement of the winding up, the excess shall be distributed among the Members in proportion to the capital paid-up or which ought to be paid at the commencement of the winding up, on the shares held by them respectively.

210. On the voluntary liquidation of the Company, no commission or fee shall be paid to a liquidator unless it shall have been approved by the Members. The amount of such payment shall be notified to all Members at least seven (7) days prior to the meeting at which the commission or fee is to be considered.

Liquidator's fee in voluntary liquidation

INDEMNITY

211. (1) Every Director, manager, Secretary, auditor or officer for the time being of the Company, and any trustees for the time being acting in relation in any of the affairs of the Company and their heirs, executors and administrators respectively, shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions, proceedings, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them shall or may incur or sustain by reason of any act done, or omitted in or about the execution of their duty in their respective offices or trusts, except such (if any) as they shall incur or sustain by or through their own negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust (of which he may be guilty in relation to the Company) respectively.

Company to indemnity

- (2) Further and in addition, such persons shall also be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgement is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application in relation thereto in which relief is granted to him by the Court under the Act.
- (3) No such officer or trustee shall be answerable for the acts, receipts, neglects, or defaults of any other officer, or trustee, or for joining in any receipt for the sake of conformity, or for the solvency or honesty of any bankers or other person with whom any moneys or effects belonging to the Company may be lodged or deposited for safe custody, or for any insufficiency or deficiency of any security upon which any moneys of the Company shall be invested or for any other loss or damage due to any such cause as aforesaid, or which may happen in or about the execution of his office or trust, unless the same shall happen through the wilful neglect or default of such officer or trustee.

RECONSTRUCTION

On any sale of the undertaking of the Company, the Directors (or the liquidators on a winding up) may, if authorised by a special resolution, accept fully paid or partly paid-up shares, debentures or securities of any other company, either then existing or to be formed, for the purchase in whole or in part of the property of the Company, and the Directors (if the profits of the Company permit), or the liquidators (on a winding up), may distribute such shares or securities, or any property of the Company amongst the Members without realisation, or vest the same in trust for them.

Sale of undertaking

(2) Any special resolution may provide for the distribution or appropriation of the cash, shares or other securities, benefits or property otherwise than in accordance with the strict legal rights of the Members or contributories of the Company, and for valuation of any such securities or property at such price and in such manner as the meeting may approve. All holders of shares shall be bound to accept Distribution or appropriation of cash, etc.

and shall be bound by any distribution, appropriation or valuation so authorised, and shall waive all rights in relation thereto (save only in the case where the Company is proposed to be or is in the course of being wound up, such statutory rights (if any) under Section 457 of the Act as are incapable of being varied or excluded by this Constitution).

213. (1) In the event of a winding up of the Company, every Member shall be bound, within fourteen (14) days, after the passing of an effective resolution to wind up the Company voluntarily or after the making of an order for the winding up of the Company, to serve notice in writing on the Company appointing some householder in Malaysia upon whom all summons, notices, process, orders and judgements in relation to or under the winding up of the Company may be served, and in default of such nomination, the liquidator of the Company shall be at liberty on behalf of such Member to appoint some such person.

Winding up

(2) Service upon any such appointee (whether appointed by the Member or liquidator) shall be deemed to be good personal service on such Member for all purposes. Where the liquidator makes any such appointment, he shall with all convenient speed give notice thereof to such Member by advertisement in a newspaper circulating in Malaysia, or by a registered letter sent through the post and addressed to such Member at his address as mentioned in the Register or Record of Depositors, and such notice shall be deemed to be served on the day following that on which the advertisement appears or the letter is posted.

Service upon appointee

SECRECY CLAUSE

Every Director, manager, auditor, trustee, member of a committee, officer, servant, agent, accountant or other person employed in the business of the Company, shall, if required, before entering upon his duties sign a declaration pledging himself to observe a strict secrecy respecting all transactions of the Company with the customers and the state of accounts with individuals in matters relating thereto and shall, by such declaration, pledge himself not to reveal any of the matters which may come to his knowledge in the discharge of his duties except when required so to do by the Directors, or by any meeting, or by a Court of law, or by the person to whom such matters relate and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of the provisions in this Constitution.

Secrecy

Save as may be provided by the Act, no Member shall be entitled to enter into or upon or inspect any premises or property of the Company nor to require discovery of any information relating to any detail of the Company's trading, manufacturing or any matter which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret or secret process which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company or which in the opinion of the Directors, it would be inexpedient in the interest of the Company.

Trade secret

COMPLIANCE WITH STATUTE, REGULATIONS AND RULES

The Company shall comply with the provisions of the relevant governing statutes, regulations and rules that may be amended, modified, re-enacted, supplemented, substituted or varied from time to time, or any other directive or requirement imposed by Bursa Securities, the Depository and other appropriate authorities to the extent required by law notwithstanding any provisions in this Constitution which may be inconsistent there with.

Compliance

EFFECT OF LISTING REQUIREMENTS

- 217. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Constitution, if the Listing Requirements prohibit an act being done, the act shall not be done.
 - (2) Nothing contained in the Constitution prevents an act being done that the Listing Requirements require to be done.
 - (3) If the Listing Requirements require an act to be done or not to be done, authority is given for that act to be done or not to be done (as the case may be)
 - (4) If the Listing Requirements require this Constitution to contain a provision and they do not contain such provision, this Constitution is deemed to contain that provision.
 - (5) If the Listing Requirements require this Constitution not to contain a provision and they contain such a provision, this Constitution is deemed not to contain that provision.
 - (6) If any provision of this Constitution is or becomes inconsistent with the Listing Requirements, this Constitution is deemed not to contain that provision to the extent of the inconsistency.

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FURTHER INFORMATION

1. RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Our Directors have seen and approved this Circular and they collectively and individually accept full responsibility for the accuracy of the information given herein and confirm that, after making all reasonable enquiries and to the best of their knowledge and belief, there are no other facts, the omission of which would make any statement herein misleading.

2. MATERIAL CONTRACTS

As at LPD, saved as disclosed below, neither we nor our subsidiaries have entered into any material contracts (not being contracts entered into in our ordinary course of business or any of our subsidiaries' businesses) within the two (2) years preceding the date of this Circular:-

- (i) Share sale agreement dated 28 December 2016 ("SSA") between Asgari Bin Mohd Fuad Stephens, Brian Francis Ticcioni, Gaya Belian Sdn. Bhd., Carlton Gardens Sdn. Bhd. ("CGSB") and SCIB for the purchase of 4,463,640 ordinary shares in CGSB for a total purchase price of RM9,500,000;
- (ii) Supplemental agreement dated 3 March 2017 between Asgari Bin Mohd Fuad Stephens, Brian Francis Ticcioni, Gaya Belian Sdn. Bhd., CGSB and SCIB to vary and amend certain clauses of the SSA consequential to the Act; and
- (iii) Sale and Purchase Agreement dated 22 January 2019 between Zecon Land Sdn. Bhd. and SCIB Concrete Manufacturing Sdn. Bhd. ("SCIBCM") for the purchase of one (1) unit of the Four (4) Storey Shophouses described as Sublot 24 measuring approximately 459 square metres, more or less, in area in Vista Tunku (Phase One) together with the land on which the Shophouse is built for a purchase price of Ringgit Malaysia One Million Three Hundred Thousand (RM1,300,000) only at a discount of around 3% of the listed price to be satisfied by way of offsetting and partial settlement of outstanding amounts due and owing by Zecon Group to SCIBCM.

3. MATERIAL LITIGATION, CLAIMS OR ARBITRATION

Save as disclosed below, as at the LPD, the Group is not engaged in any material litigation, claims or arbitration, either as plaintiff or defendant, and the Board is not aware of any proceeding, pending or threatened, against the Group or of any facts likely to give rise to any proceeding which may materially affect the business or financial position of the Group:

(i) There is an ongoing unresolved dispute between SCIB and Asgari Bin Mohd Fuad Stephens, Brian Francis Ticcioni and Gaya Belian Sdn Bhd (collectively referred to as the "Vendors") arising from the Share Sale Agreement dated 28 December 2016 entered into between SCIB and the Vendors ("SSA") in relation to the disposal of the entire equity shareholdings in Carlton Gardens Sdn Bhd ("CGSB") by the Vendors to SCIB. In the SSA, the Vendors have made representations concerning CGSB as to the profitability of contract and plant capacity of CGSB in relation to several contracts entered into by the Vendors separately with CGSB, such representations of which had all turned out to be false and did not reflect the correct state of affairs of CGSB and its related activities. SCIB had relied upon the representations made by the Vendors in entering into the SSA for the acquisition of the entire equity shareholdings in CGSB from the Vendors.

Arising from the dispute, SCIB seeks to claim against the Vendors for a full refund of the purchase consideration of RM9,500,000 consisting of a cash sum of RM5,266,000 paid to the Vendors, as well as a re-transfer of the remaining undisposed 7,121,000 ordinary shares in SCIB ("Consideration Shares") which were allotted and issued to the Vendors as part of the purchase consideration, for the acquisition of the entire equity shareholdings in CGSB under the SSA and also damages and losses incurred.

In accordance with the SSA, SCIB had on 25 May 2018 issued a notice of dispute to the Vendors, to refer the dispute to a mutually appointed arbitrator but there has been no response received from the Vendors agreeing to such appointment.

In order to maintain the status quo and preserve the Consideration Shares, SCIB had applied for an injunction from the Kota Kinabalu High Court vide Originating Summons No. BKI-24NCC(ARB)-2/7-2018 restraining the Vendors jointly and severally from selling, transferring or otherwise dealing with the Consideration Shares as part of the purchase consideration under the SSA. The court had on 28 November 2018, granted an inter parte injunction against the Vendors. The Vendors have on 21 December 2018, filed an appeal to the Court of Appeal against the injunction granted. As at the LPD, no date has been fixed for the hearing of the appeal.

SCIB and the Vendors have since agreed to refer the dispute for mediation, and at the hearing of the mediation on 29 January 2019, it was agreed that a further meeting be held at a date to be fixed to facilitate a better understanding of the basis and reasoning of the matters arising under the dispute to enable the parties to reach an amicable settlement. As at the LPD, no date has been fixed for a further meeting.

In the interim, there are several claims under section 5 of the Construction Industry Payment & Adjudication Act 2012 ("CIPAA 2012") made by and against CGSB. The Board of Directors of CGSB, having considered the affairs of CGSB and taking into account the legal advice by its solicitors, has determined that CGSB cannot by reasons of its liabilities, continue its business. Consequently, on 11 January 2019, an interim liquidator was appointed under section 440 of the Act thereby marking the commencement of a voluntary winding up of CGSB. The appointment of a liquidator was then resolved at the meeting of the creditors of CGSB on 31 January 2019 and a committee of inspection was set up to administer the liquidation process of CGSB. With the commencement of the voluntary winding up, no further legal actions or proceedings can be brought against CGSB except with the leave of court and upon such terms as the court may impose. As at the LPD, the appointed liquidator is still in the midst of finalising the verification of the proofs of debts filed to determine the liabilities payable by CGSB.

(ii) SCIBCM had issued letters of demand against Zecon Construction (Sarawak) Sdn Bhd, Zecon Dredging Sdn Bhd, Zecon Engineering & Construction Sdn Bhd and Zecon Berhad (collectively the "**Zecon Group**") on 4 November 2015 and 18 January 2016 to demand for the payment of the principal sum of RM5,081,369.60 together with the overdue interest of RM586,967.55 as at 31 December 2015 for concrete products sold and delivered by SCIBCM to the Zecon Group.

Pursuant to the said letters of demand, the Zecon Group had paid a sum of RM3,500,000 to SCIBCM on 23 November 2016. To reduce the outstanding debt of RM2,288,448.46 as at 31 December 2018, Zecon Land Sdn Bhd, a wholly owned subsidiary of Zecon Berhad, has agreed to sell one (1) unit of 4-storey shophouse described as Sublot 24 measuring approximately 459 square metres in Vista Tunku, Kuching at the consideration sum of RM1,300,000 (which represents a discount of around of 3% of the listed price) to SCIBCM in accordance with a Sale and Purchase Agreement dated 22 January 2019 entered into between Zecon Land Sdn Bhd and SCIBCM. The said consideration sum is considered settled by SCIBCM, to offset against the outstanding debt, thereby leaving a balance debt of RM988,448.46. Such balance debt comprises overdue interests accrued from the late payment of the principal sum up to the LPD and is to be settled in cash by the Zecon Group.

SCIBCM has written to the Zecon Group on 29 March 2019 to give them 14 days until 12 April 2019 to settle the said interest sum of RM988,448.46, failing which legal action shall be taken against the Zecon Group. As at the LPD, SCIBCM is still waiting for a response from the Zecon Group with regard to the settlement of the said interest sum.

(iii) SCIB Industrialised Building Sdn Bhd ("SCIB IB") has on 5 July 2016, commenced a legal action at the Kuching High Court vide Suit No. KCH-22NCvC-41/7-2016 against Millennium Crest Sdn Bhd ("MCSB"), for inter alia, a declaration that SCIB IB had practically completed its scope of works for the construction and completion of a three (3) storeys commercial complex on Lot 10816, Section 64, Jalan Wan Alwi, and claimed for the sum of RM2,786,695.70 as at 29 December 2014 together with interests and costs.

On 2 May 2017, a consent judgment was entered into between SCIB IB and MCSB, in which MCSB was ordered to pay to SCIB IB the sum of RM1,982,000 together with interest at the rate of 6% per annum calculated from the date of the consent judgment until the full settlement thereof, and that the counterclaim by MCSB be struck out.

However, MCSB had failed to comply with the consent judgment, and consequently, SCIB IB had on 1 November 2017, served a winding up notice on MCSB. In response, MCSB issued several post-dated cheques to SCIB IB to settle the judgment sum.

One of the post-dated cheques dated 25 April 2018 for the sum of RM300,000 could not be deposited following a request by MCSB, as MCSB needed to wait for funds from the proceeds of the sale of its plantation. Arising therefrom, SCIB IB has on 20 June 2018, issued a letter of demand against MCSB to claim for the outstanding sum.

MCSB had on 28 February 2019 fully settled the remaining outstanding debts due and owing to SCIB IB, amounting to the sum of RM965,510.

(iv) SCIB IB had on 23 November 2017, commenced legal action at the Kuching High Court vide Suit No. KCH-22NCvC-52/11-2017 (HC4) against Lee Kim Jiung who acted as the guarantor for MCSB for the sum of RM1,982,000 together with interest and costs. Judgment in default of appearance has been entered against the said Lee Kim Jiung on 2 February 2018. In view that SCIB IB has received the settlement of the remaining outstanding debts of RM965,510 from MCSB as mentioned in the foregoing sub-paragraph (iii) of Section 3 of this Appendix A, no execution proceedings will be taken by SCIB IB against the said Lee Kim Jiung.

4. DOCUMENTS AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION

The following documents are available for inspection at our registered office at Lot 1258, Jalan Utama, Pending Industrial Estate, 93450 Kuching, Sarawak during normal business hours from Monday to Friday (except for public holidays) from the date of this Circular up to and including the date of the AGM:-

- (i) The Memorandum and Articles of Association of SCIB;
- (ii) The audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the past two (2) financial years ended 31 December 2017 and 2018;
- (iii) The material contracts referred to in Section 2 on page 57; and
- (iv) The relevant cause papers in respect of the material litigation referred to in Section 3 on pages 57 and 58.

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